

The Times-Democrat.

DL. XIII. NO. 199.

LIMA, OHIO, FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1897.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

DREW HIS MOTION

For Tillman Stirs Up Another Controversy.

R RESOLUTION AGAIN.

House Proceedings Are Entitled by the Attempt of Mr. Terry to Secure the Appointment of a Committee.

Washington, June 4.—Senator Tillman gave the senate another hour of controversy over the proposed investigation. He defended himself from the published charges made to his administration of the governorship of South Carolina and moved that the committee having charge of the sugar resolution be discharged from further consideration of the subject directly before the senate.

Gillenger (N. H.) in behalf of the committee made a spirited protest at this course and urged that the bill should not turn aside from its work to investigate charges against the private character of senators.

There were frequently lively exchanges between Mr. Tillman, Mr. Gallinger and Mr. Jones (Nev.), but in the end Mr. Tillman withdrew his motion. The bill was passed for a public building at San Angelo, Tex., to cost \$100,000.

West of Missouri offered a resolution which was adopted, reciting the skeletons of American soldiers at Buena Vista in 1847 were now being used as a state department to investigate the subject and recite the facts to congress. A letter read in this connection from General Crittenden saying the nation could receive the attention of the skeletons at Washington. A clipping enclosed stating that the bones of American soldiers were bleaching in the desert.

HOUSE AT WORK.

Bill Passed by Unanimous Consent During Simpson's Absence.

Washington, June 4.—The house adjourned after the passage of a bill to secure consideration of the subject of a resolution for immediate appointment of the committee on foreign affairs.

It was ruled out of order and an attempt was made to bring the subject to a vote.

Simpson, the Populist leader, absent and several bills were passed by unanimous consent.

Mr. Frye bill to prevent collisions between steamships and inland waterways of the United States and the resolution for the relief of the flood sufferers, amended so as to make the appropriation of \$10,000 out of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the Mississippi flood sufferers, were passed.

The conference report on the land appropriation bill was adopted.

Mr. Terry rose as soon as the hour of adjournment was called.

His question of privilege, he said, vitally affected the rights and privileges of the house.

Mr. Terry said he believed in justice and that he would not be stopped in this fashion.

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established headquarters at room 77, Coreoran building, and intend to maintain an organization till the close of pending tariff legislation. Mr. James G. Parsons is in charge of the undertaking here. Mr. Calvin Tompkins, the chairman of the committee has been here for the past two days.

Smith Gives Information.

Washington, June 4.—Captain W. D. Smith of the Cuba army and said to have formerly been on the staff of General Gomez, was before the subcommittee of the senate committee of foreign relations. He supplied the committee with many details as to the strength of the insurgent forces and of their resources and also furnished them with much information concerning the treatment of Pacificos and other residents of Cuba by Spaniards. His testimony was strictly guarded by the committee.

Ready For the Junket.

Washington, June 4.—There was no meeting of the Universal Postal Congress or its committees and most of the delegates took a rest after their labors and arranged for the trip about the country. A number of the foreign delegates called on Postmaster General Gary and exchanged views on the subject of parcels post.

On Metal Schedule.

Washington, June 4.—The senate made good progress, covering about 10 pages of the metal schedule and almost completing it. The formal complaint against the measure was maintained, but all amendments tending to change the bill were voted down, and the finance committee sustained.

On Ohio Day.

Washington, June 3.—The president has modified the plans for his trip to the Nashville exposition so as to leave here at noon on Wednesday the 9th instead of at 9 a. m. June 10, as originally planned. This is to allow him to be at Nashville on Ohio day.

Might Have Been Worse.

London, June 4.—Sir Charles Dilke, advanced Liberal, raised the Cretan question in the house of commons by questioning the government on the subject. The government leader, Mr. Balfour, in reply said the recent Musliman outbursts were the inevitable outcome of the state of anarchy lately prevailing in the island of Crete and considering the provocations and attacks to which the Mohammedans had been subjected, there was reason for congratulation that things were no worse.

Irish Prisoners Not Included.

London, June 4.—In the house of commons Mr. Dillon, chairman of the Irish parliamentary party, asked if the government proposed to follow the example of all civilized nations upon occasions of great national rejoicings, and grant amnesty to the Irish treason-felony prisoners. Mr. Balfour, the government leader, denied the relevancy of the question and declared that the prisoners alluded to did not belong to the classification of political prisoners.

Declared a Dividend.

Chicago, June 4.—The annual meeting of the directors of the Chicago and Northwestern road was held, and although the financial showing of the road was not as good as that of last year, the directors were able to declare a quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent on the preferred stock and a half year dividend of 3 1/2 per cent on the common stock. All of the old officers and directors were re-elected.

Scores General Lee.

Havana, June 4.—The Diario gives its attention to United States Consul-General Fitzhugh Lee, charging him with ignorance of the Spanish language and with being surrounded by Americans born in Cuba who are generally hostile to the Spanish government. The Diario further reflects upon the judgment of the United States consul general.

Treasurer Collins Resigns.

Tallahassee, Fla., June 4.—State Treasurer Collins has resigned and J. B. Whitfield, ex-clerk of the supreme court, has been appointed. Collins' resignation saves the state \$20,000 expenses for a trial, while the shortage will probably be made good by his bondsmen.

Favor a Pooling Bill.

New York, June 4.—The chamber of commerce adopted a resolution recognizing "the importance of an early enactment of a proper pooling bill so that railroads may exercise the right which all other corporations and citizens enjoy to make contracts with each other."

America For Americans.

Paris, June 4.—In the chamber of deputies Baron des Rotours, protectionist deputy representing the Fourth district of Lille, submitted a motion to raise the duties on American products if the Americans fix prohibitive duties on French products.

Redmond For Mayor.

Dublin, June 4.—It is reported that the aldermen of Dublin, at their coming meeting, will elect Mr. John Redmond, the Parnellite leader and member of parliament for Waterford City to the office of lord mayor of Dublin.

Torrens Law Knocked Out.

Columbus, O., June 4.—The Torrens system of land transfers was knocked out by the Ohio supreme court, the supreme court deciding the law providing for it unconstitutional.

Tariff Reform Committee.

Washington, June 4.—The tariff reform committee of the Reform club has

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

Conference of Ambassadors and Tewfik Pasha.

WORK CAREFULLY DIVIDED.

The Russian Minister Will Prepare a Memorandum as to Rectification of the Frontier—Other News From Constantinople.

Constantinople, June 4.—The first sitting of the peace negotiations was held at the Topane palace between the ambassadors of the powers and Tewfik Pasha, Turkish minister for foreign affairs. No secretary was present, and the only record that will be kept of the proceedings was such as each ambassador will make for himself.

It is understood that the result of three hours of deliberation was that Count Nelidoff, the Russian ambassador, will prepare a memorandum as to the rectification of the frontier; M. Cambon, the French ambassador, a memorandum as to the capitulations in the case of Greek subjects in Turkey, and Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, a memorandum as to indemnity.

The conference then adjourned to meet again on Saturday to consider these memorandums.

GIGANTIC SCHEME

Of Counterfeiting Costa Rican Bonds Unearthed In New York.

New York, June 4.—One of the most extensive counterfeiting plots ever discovered by the secret service bureau was brought to light when Richard D. Re Queeens and his wife, Eugenia, were arraigned before Commissioners Shields charged with issuing counterfeit bonds of the Costa Rican government of the denomination of 100 pesos.

The Re Queeens have a printing establishment in Maiden Lane in this city and he was arrested there. No plates, dies, or counterfeiting tools were found in the rooms.

The woman who was arrested, and who said she was Eugenia Re Queeens is fine looking and apparently about 35 years old. She told Chief Hazen that she met Re Queeens several months ago and that he told her he had "a big scheme to float in Costa Rica."

She said: "We went to Port Limon about the middle of March. As to this charge of attempting to float forged bonds of the Costa Rican government, I can say positively that I have no knowledge of it whatever. If my husband attempted to put any such bonds on the market I can say positively that I know nothing of such scheme."

Richard D. Re Queeens, the alleged principal in the floating of the counterfeit bonds, refused to make any statement.

Both prisoners were held in default of \$3,000 bail for examination on June 16.

The counterfeiters are excellent imitations of the originals and bore the signature of the president, F. Pesulita, and Secretary Otonno. It is said they were issued from New Orleans. It was reported the full \$1,250,000 of these bonds had been floated, but only a small portion of the bonds, it is said, have been marketed in this city.

Meeting of Whisky Men.

Cincinnati, June 4.—The meeting of whisky men was called to secure an agreement between the distributors on one hand and all distillers of spirits, including the American Spirits Manufacturing company, and all outsiders. There was a long discussion about the supply being largely in excess of the demand and it was finally decided to devise a plan to get rid of the present heavy stocks. A committee had been appointed to report a plan.

They May Be Imprisoned.

Pittsburg, June 3.—Paul Schlipp and Richard Hartman, two of the alleged anarchists arrested at the Hazlewood picnic last Sunday, filed an appeal in the county court from the decision of Magistrate MacGonigle. The appeal was allowed, but no date was fixed for a hearing. J. M. Freedman, attorney for the anarchists, stated that the plaintiffs had paid the fine and costs. In reply Judge McClung said: "It may also be imprisonment."

Present Incumbent Defeated.

Frankfort, Ky., June 4.—The Democratic state convention this year had only one nomination to make. After the contest between seven aspirants was waged for two days, Samuel J. Shackelford was nominated on the tenth ballot for clerk of the appellate court, over Greene, the incumbent.

League of Press Clubs.

New York, June 4.—The delegates to the convention of the International League of Press Clubs went on an outing to Coney Island. A special train was placed at their disposal. A banquet was held at the Prospect Park hotel, Brooklyn, at night.

Kenton Hospital Opened.

Kenton, O., June 4.—The new city hospital was opened, the ladies giving a party there. Hon. F. C. Dougherty made the address and the Second regiment band furnished the music.

Shortage In School Fund.

Hamilton, O., June 4.—The school board has found a shortage of \$5,120.20 in their funds.

CLAIMED IGNORANCE.

Scruggs and Langhorne, St. Louis Merchants, on Trial For Smuggling.

New York, June 4.—United States Commissioner Shields began an examination into the charges of smuggling made against the St. Louis dry goods merchant, Richard M. Scruggs, and E. S. Langhorne, his secretary. The defendants were passengers on the steamship St. Paul, which arrived here on May 22, and they are charged with attempting to smuggle in \$2,000 to \$3,000 worth of jewelry.

John Monroe, custom officer, told of the circumstances attending the search of the two men and of finding the goods secreted upon their persons.

Langhorne offered to "make it all right" if witness left the belt on him and said nothing about it. Witness told him he was not in that kind of business.

Langhorne testified that he was secretary and manager of the American Arithmometer company in St. Louis. He had been abroad but once and had no knowledge of customs duties. The witness said it was his opinion that as the goods had not been brought to sell again, but simply as presents they were not liable to duty. Counsel for the defense said that he did not contend that the goods were not dutiable, but he wished to show that there had been no intent on the part of the defendants to defraud the government.

Mr. Langhorne denied that he had asked Inspector Donohue not to take the belt or promised to make it all right.

James McCreery, the New York dry goods merchant, testified that he regarded Mr. Scruggs as a man of the highest integrity. The case will be continued Saturday, when it is expected that Scruggs will be put on the stand.

Malt Makers Meet.

Chicago, June 4.—Representative manufacturers of malt products from nearly every state in the Union met at the Auditorium hotel and formed the United States Maltsters' association. The objects of the association are said to be purely those of mutual benefit and the correction of certain abuses connected with the trade. The leaders in the movement are emphatic in declaring that the association is not a trust.

Lacked Financial Backing.

Nashville, June 4.—The Nashville team played its last game and Nashville is no longer a member of the Central League, financial backing needed not being furnished. The team will in all probability be transferred to Decatur, Ills.

Unloaded His Gun.

Greene, Ia., June 4.—The 15-year-old son of L. Schwartz, while attempting to unload a gun, discharged the weapon, killing his two sisters. The bullet passed through the neck of one sister and struck the other sister above the heart.

Convention Postponed.

Kenton, O., June 4.—The state convention of the Daughters of Veterans, which was to have been held here June 3-11, has been postponed until June 22-25.

For Wittenberg College.

Springfield, O., June 4.—Wittenberg college received \$2,000 in cash and property worth \$8,000 from Mrs. Lottie Clark.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Winners and Losers In the Great National Game.—The Standing.

CLUB	W.	L.	P.	C.			
Baltimore	24	8	759	Brook	17	17	500
Cleveland	23	12	657	Phila	18	18	500
Host.	22	13	645	Louis	16	18	470
Pitts.	19	13	393	Chica.	12	22	352
N. Y.	17	14	348	Wash.	9	22	290
Cleve.	17	16	515	St. Lou.	7	28	190

National League.

AT PHILADELPHIA.	R. H. E.
Philadelphia	12 0 4 0 0 0 3
Pittsburg	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1
Batteries—Taylor and Boyle; Gardner, Tammelli and Sugden. Umpire—Emslie.	

AT NEW YORK.

AT NEW YORK.	R. H. E.
New York	10 4 0 1 0 0 0
Louisville	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
Batteries—Seymour and Warner; Fraser, McGee and Wilson. Umpire—McDermott.	

Second Game.

AT BOSTON.	R. H. E.
Boston	0 3 1 0 2 0 0 0
Batteries—Nichols and Bergen; Young and Zimmer. Umpire—O'Day.	

AT BROOKLYN.

AT BROOKLYN.	R. H. E.
Brooklyn	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
St. Louis	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
Batteries—McMahon and Grim; Donohue and Harley. Umpire—Sheridan.	

Western League.

At Columbus—Columbus, 9; Milwaukee, 7; 12 Innings.
At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 10; Kansas City, 2.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 0; St. Paul, 4.
At Detroit—Detroit, 3; Minneapolis, 11.

Interstate League.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 7; Springfield, 8.
At Mansfield—Mansfield, 8; Dayton, 0.
At Youngstown—Youngstown, 0; Toledo, 3.

Postponed.

Baltimore, June 2.—The Baltimore-Cincinnati game was stopped at the end of the third inning by rain. Score then stood 0 to 0 in favor of Cincinnati.

The Weather.

For West Virginia and Ohio.—Showers in the early morning followed by fair; cooler; brisk southwesterly winds, becoming northwesterly; dimming.

SCALPED BY INDIANS.

Dr. Dorland Receives News of the Fate of Two Brothers.

GOLD HUNTERS' TRAGIC END.

While a Party Were Prospecting on Mount Wahsatch a Band of Red Men Made Short Work of Their Captives.

Akron, O., June 4.—Dr. S. J. Dorland of this place has received notice from D. E. McCann of Los Angeles of the death of his two brothers, Benjamin H. and Peter M. Dorland, formerly of Oakville, Canada.

In his letter McCann writes that while the party of seven were prospecting for gold on Mount Wahsatch they unknowingly crossed the line into the Wahsatch Indian reservation and while panning the gold they were surprised by a band of about 50 Indians. Four of the party were successful in reaching their horses, but the other three, being farther down the stream, were unable to reach theirs and were captured, murdered and scalped.

Bicycle Riders Bound Over.

Nelsonville, O., June 4.—The preliminary trial of Charles Evans and Frank Morgan, charged with criminal negligence, was held before Squire W. C. Hickman. Their arrest was caused by C. W. Dowler, a merchant of this city, who charges that the boys, when riding bicycles, ran into a team Mr. Dowler was driving, causing it to run away. Mr. Dowler, his wife and granddaughters were thrown from the buggy and more or less injured. The buggy was broken up and the horse hurt. They were bound over to \$100.

Durrant Gets a Stay.

San Francisco, June 4.—The attorneys for Theodore Durrant again appeared before Judge Gilbert in the United States circuit court and applied for a writ of superseas for the purpose of staying the execution of sentence, but this was denied by the court. An application for leave to appeal from this decision to the supreme court of the United States was then granted. As the United States supreme court does not meet again until October next this virtually means a respite for six months at least.

Mr. Cuthoun Departs.

Havana, June 4.—Mr. Cuthoun left for the United States by the steamer Saratoga. He went on board accompanied by the correspondents. The party went down to the steamer in a tug, among them Mr. Fishback, Mr. Pepper, Mr. Springer and Dr. Burgess as well as Consul General Lee and a number of representative Americans.

Maryland Bankers.

Cumberland, June 4.—The Maryland Bankers' association held its final session and the exercises were concluded with a banquet at which Secretary of the Treasury Lyman J. Gage and ex-Comptroller of the Currency James H. Beckels were the principal speakers. They unanimously adopted a resolution against free silver.

Serious Conflagration.

Alexandria, Va., June 4.—The greatest conflagration that has ever visited Alexandria broke out on Bryan's fertilizing mill, on the river front, shortly after midnight, and raged with great fury for about eight hours, causing a total damage (including loss of time to mills, etc.) of from \$450,000 to \$500,000; partly insured.

Synod of Reformed Church.

Asbury Park, N. J., June 4.—The routine work of the general synod of the Reformed church in America, which is holding its ninety-first regular session, began here. The morning was taken up with the reading of reports, showing the work of the different branches of the church during the past year.

New Incorporations.

Columbus, O., June 4.—The Otterbein chapel, Swan Creek township, Fulton county; the Polish Lithuanian Republican club, Cleveland; the German Evangelical Reformed church, Glenville.

Gravestones Chipped.

Boston, June 4.—It has been discovered that pieces have been chipped off several ancient gravestones in the Granary burying ground here. The stones over the grave of Paul Revere, John Hancock and Governor Increase Sumner all show marks of vandalism.

Judge Holman's Successor.

Columbus, Ind., June 4.—At the Democratic convention held here of the Fourth congressional district, Francis Marion Griffith of Vevay was nominated to succeed the late Judge William S. Holman in congress.


Killed In His Barnyard.

Reading, Pa., June 4.—Christopher Becker, 53, a prominent farmer of Oley township, near here, was found in his barnyard literally peppered with shot. He had been dead apparently but a short time.

They Try It Again.

New Corwin, O., June 4.—Leander Schotzman and Susie Sheftahl were remarried. The parties were divorced three weeks ago.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Sent Him Back Home.

Indianapolis, June 4.—Jesse Way was sentenced to seven years in the Indiana state prison for counterfeiting. He is 50 years old.

Miners Return to Work.

Massillon, O., June 4.—Complaints of the J. F. Pecos coal miners have been withdrawn and the men have returned to work.

King of Siam at Rome.

Rome, June 4.—The King of Siam, Chulalongkorn I., arrived here. He was received at the railroad station by King Humbert and the crown prince of Italy.

THE BURLINGTON

10 CIGAR

FOR 5 CENTS

TRY IT.

F. J. BAWA, DISTRIBUTING AGENT, LIMA, OHIO.

Attention Oil Men!

"HOW TO SAVE TIME ON DRILLING WELLS!"

You must know there is a big loss of power from your belts slipping. Well, we can stop that and so can you. If you will use GREEN SEAL BELT DRESSING on your belts.

Read what those drillers say:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Feb. 20, '97.

Your Dressing is just the thing; it covers wear on machinery, and with it we can run a belt that would tear in two if we had to make it tight enough to hold without the Dressing. It is not a good thing for belt manufacturers, but it is a "DAILY" for the users of belts. Besides we have no slipping now.

Yours,

GILCHRIST & GOLDRICH.

We send it out on trial and guarantee it to do all we claim for it.

Write us for a can of it.

PHENIX OIL CO.,

Quincy Block, - - - - - Cleveland, Ohio

ICE!

Having been favored with your patronage during past seasons, permit us to return you our thanks for the same. Our ICE for the coming season is of the finest quality produced from pure spring water—pumped direct from the wells—and again thanking you for past favors,

We Respectfully Solicit the Continuance of Your Patronage for the Coming Season.

Respectfully yours,

WILLIAM PUGH.

[All Orders Promptly Filled.]

Telephone 31, Old or New.

FOR THE BLACK RACE

A MAN WHO DEVOTED HIS LIFE TO THE NEGRO.

Son of an Abolitionist Followed His Father's Teaching—Married a Negro Woman and Was Cast Off by His Family. Died in a Turkish Bath.

John Granville Bergen, a white man, who had devoted his life to the negro, died recently in a Turkish bath in New York. He was the youngest son of a chief engineer on that underground railway which abolitionists operated from the south to the western reserve in Ohio. He not only preached the equality of the white and black races, but married a negro woman and was cast off by his family.

He had a brother in Springfield, O., who is a millionaire and a sister who is wealthy, but he had no time himself to gain riches. Years ago he managed concerts given for the benefit of churches in which negroes worshipped or schools in which negroes were taught. At some time he had under his management nearly every organization of colored singers which has been heard in this country. He managed Flora Batson, who, in spite of color and because of the indescribable sweetness of her voice, won recognition in those sections of the south that have most contempt for the new negro. He became her husband on Dec. 13, 1887, a year after the death of his first wife. Mr. Bergen then made his headquarters in Philadelphia and managed tours for his wife through the south and west. In the depression of the last three seasons all that Mr. Bergen possessed was swept away.

He had enlisted in the Second United States cavalry when 16 years old and served through the war, so last winter, being almost without funds and very ill, he went to the "Soldiers' home" at Hampton, Va., while his wife joined a concert company, which was less successful than the members had expected. Recently a number of colored men, wishing to show their appreciation of Mr. Bergen, urged him to come to New York for a benefit concert. He undertook the venture on their assurances of support and gave a concert at Cooper Union on May 18. M. Hamilton Hodges, a baritone, went from Boston to give his services. Miss Alice Both Moore, a reader, went from New Orleans. Singers from all the choirs in Afro-American churches contributed to the strength of the choruses. The promoters believed that there would be such attendance of colored folk as would put Mr. Bergen firmly on his financial feet. The concert was an artistic success, from a box office view it was a terrible failure.

Miss Batson, as the manager's wife has ever been named, was in the south, filling a profitable engagement. At Baltimore she received a letter telling of the concert failure and a telegram telling of her husband's death.

He had been staying at the Clarendon House, in West Twenty-seventh street, New York, and for all his reverses and ill health seemed to the people of the place cheerful and hopeful. He went out to dinner one evening and after dinner concluded that a Turkish bath would prove beneficial. He remained in the hot room 15 minutes and Robert Owen, an attendant, took him to the slab. During the rubbing down Owen turned Mr. Bergen over on his face. The manager gasped and Owen saw the body collapse. He rolled his patient over on his back and ran for aid. The hastily summoned doctor pronounced the man dead.—Exchange.

MURPHY'S HARD LUCK.

Such Has Happened to Him, and He Is Waiting For Further Developments.

The barn and outbuildings on the country home of Editor David W. P. Murphy of The Evening Reporter of Burlington, N. J., were burned to the ground one afternoon recently, together with a lot of farm implements, gardening tools and a new buggy.

Editor Murphy is not a humorist, but this is the way he refers to the fire in his paper:

"Since moving from the city the editor has had his share."

He fractured his arm by a fall from a wagon; next, Mrs. Murphy had a serious spell of typhoid; next, two children fought the same disease; next, Frank, the horse, died; next, the editor was bitten by a cat; next, the loss of business; next, the roof of the house was blown off; now the barn's reduced to ashes.

"Next—what next?"—New York World.

Champagne Bottle Burst.

Joseph Pell of Amsterdam avenue, New York, had a party of friends at dinner one evening recently, and about 8 o'clock he tried to draw the cork from a quart bottle of champagne. He had drawn the cork about half an inch when the bottle exploded.

The neck was blown off and two pieces of glass from the top of the bottle flew up, striking Mr. Pell on the left breast. Both of them went through his shirt and cut him on the chest.

Dr. Clelland of West Eighth-second street, who was called in, dressed the wounds. It is supposed that the wine was warm and that it may have been shaken by Mr. Pell in his efforts to open it.

Patriotism in England.

Here is a ditty that is popular in the London music halls just now:

Should vile oppressors hamper you in some far distant land,
For liberty and freedom strike, most danger hand in hand!
Though you may be outnumbered, while you've strength enough to stand,
Face the music, boys, face the music!

South African affairs of late have caused a great stir,
And fate proved very hard indeed on Jameson's gallant crew,
But Rhodes has come to England like a Briton bold and true,
Face the music, boys, face the music!

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for medicinal effect combined with great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine.

Hood's Pills

chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory: prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. etc. the only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE LINE RIDER.

Over the mesa, 'neath the milk white moon,
Leads the rider through the wonder night,
West Sanderson, line rider, full of dreams
Of young Dolores, sweetest of brown maids,
(Something lies hidden in the coyote grass.)

Only a month ago those canyon walls,
Moon white, beheld a shadowy train wind down,
Contrabandists, laden with mesquite;
Pepe, their chief, exultant, almost home,
(Something lies hidden in the coyote grass.)

Apache rumors had preceded them,
Hereby white settlers homeward. Sanderson,
Frontierwise, watched the canny Mexicans,
Saw them untroubled, couched and got his prey,
(Something lies hidden in the coyote grass.)

Musing, his firm mouth smiling now and
With reminiscent tenderness, he rode,
Unheeding how that rope had fled unscathed,
Until his horse, snorting and trembling,
(A sudden spring from out the coyote grass.)

O brown Dolores, musing 'neath the moon,
That floods the homely old adobe walls,
Ask Pepe, when he comes to you tonight,
Whose horse he rides, what makes his jagged dark?
(Something lies hidden in the coyote grass.)

—Florence E. Pratt in "Land of Sunshine."

Eating Clay.

That a large number of people live and thrive on a diet of earth may sound incredible to those who have never heard of the clay eaters of the south, but in Alabama there are many persons whose daily food is clay dug from the banks of the small mountain streams. It is oily and almost without taste and certainly contains nourishment of some sort, as it is almost the entire diet of the inhabitants of these localities.

When the clay eater begins this line of diet, a piece the size of a pea is all that can be taken with safety. After they have grown up on it a piece as large as the fist of the average man may be taken with impunity. Clay eaters enjoy average health and live to a good old age, clearly demonstrating that there is nothing specially injurious in this most curious article of food. The most marked effect produced by it is a change in the appearance. The skin grows sallow after awhile, becoming a pale, unwholesome looking yellow, almost the color of the clay itself. Those who begin clay eating in their infancy have the look of premature age and never wear the hue of health or vitality. They are thin, angular and spiritless, although rarely ill. They are full of a belief in signs and superstitions. They raise a little corn, potatoes, peas and a few other vegetables. The corn is converted into whisky, which is probably the only luxury in which they indulge.—New York Ledger.

The Life Plant.

Visitors to Bermuda often bring back to this country as a souvenir of their trip the leaves of an interesting plant of the house leek family. It is known as the life plant, and when the leaves begin to shrivel and fade they send out little shoots which in turn bear leaves that continue to grow and remain fresh and green for months. The leaves are about 4 inches long, rich green in color and of a smooth waxy texture. If you take one of the leaves and pin it to the wall indoors, it will begin to sprout within three or four days, be it winter or summer. At first the top portion of the leaf will begin to wither and shrivel up, and this is likely to continue until the upper half has lost its green color. Then tiny white roots will sprout from the edges, and in time diminutive green leaves will appear on these. These little offshoots will sometimes grow to be an inch long and contain several pairs of leaves. The limit of their existence seems to depend upon the amount of heat and light they can obtain.—Harper's Round Table.

Another Struggle Toward Truth.

"Well, after all, what is a pessimist?"
"He is a man whose naturally sunny disposition has been imbibed by running up against so many people who won't admit that he knows more than they do."—Detroit Free Press.

"Only nervous" is a sure indication that the blood is not pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures nervousness.

Enlistment.

"He's such a mercenary man, I've often wondered how under the heaven you managed to enlist his sympathies."

"By draft."—Detroit Journal.

CASTORIA.

Is a very valuable medicine.

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BREVITIES.

PERSONALITIES.

Prince Bismarck says he is a "bankrupt in nerves."

The infant daughter of General and Mrs. Harrison was christened Elizabeth. Letta says that the thought of going back upon the stage never seriously enters her mind.

Mgr. Allen, who has just been appointed bishop of Shrewsbury by the pope, was one of the stenographers at the Vatican council 27 years ago.

Richard Olney told a crowd of lawyers the other evening that the study and practice of the law "inevitably engender the altruistic habit of man."

Mrs. Mary Clement Leavitt, who has acquired an international reputation as a traveler, lecturer and organizer for the W. O. T. U., has visited 43 countries and has organized 130 temperance societies.

The birth of a daughter to the Duke and Duchess of York makes the number of Queen Victoria's living descendants 70. There are 7 living sons and daughters, 33 grandchildren and 90 great-grandchildren.

Black Hawk, the chief of the Winnebagoes, will visit the Iowa state fair this summer. The chief is now 90 years old and has not been as strong as usual since he was stricken with paralysis some time ago.

Emanuel Lasker, the world's chess champion, has proposed the presentation of a testimonial to William Stein, who so long held that distinction, and a committee is to be formed in London to do this.

Colonel Robert Cranston of Edinburgh, commander of the Second battalion, Queen's Rifle guards, Royal Scots, who is visiting in this country, thinks that Washington is the best paved city in the United States.

John Tannis and his nine sons voted at the spring election in Sheridan township, Newago county, Mich., and had to pay the penalty afterward by sitting for a photograph as the biggest family of voters in the Wolverine State.

In his speech at the dedication in Dallas of the monument to the Confederate David had the chivalric courage of Richard Coeur de Lion and Cato's virtue, constancy and love of liberty.

Henry M. Stanley and his wife recently paid a visit to Budapest, where the explorer went to see Professor Vambery, the famous orientalist. On their return northward they visited Brussels, where Stanley was to have a conference with King Leopold over the affairs of the Congo State.

Father Philambolis, the Greek priest of Chicago whose zeal for Greece brought him into public notice, was born 55 years ago in Roumania and has held charges in Bucharest and Athens. He came to Chicago in 1892, bringing his wife, two sons and three daughters with him. The oldest son, aged 22 years, is a medical student.

STAGE GLINTS.

It is said that Joseph Murphy will appear in "The Kory Gow" in London this summer.

William E. Philp of the Bostonians has filed his declaration of intent to become naturalized.

Fay Templeton, who is now in Paris, is desirous to return to America and resume active professional work.

Nellie O'Neil and Lillie Sutherland have signed for two more years with Charles E. Blaney's attractions.

Sarory Lambert has been re-engaged by the Lamons as leading comedian with "Superba" for next season.

Lillian Washburn, under the direction of Jess Burns, will open her season early in August in "The Land of the Living."

Richard Carroll has been engaged as leading comedian for the summer production of "Le Petit Faust" at Manhattan Beach.

Vernona Jarbeau's season in De Koven and Smith's new musical comedy, "The French Doll," will open on Sept. 6 in New York city.

V. M. de Silke has been specially engaged by David Henderson to play Hughie Jacqueson in "Gentleman Joe" at McVicker's theater, Chicago.

Joseph Haworth has received, among several offers, one from Charles Frohman to play the leading role in "Under the Red Robe." He has also had a proposal to star.

John A. Stevens has just finished an American comedy drama called "Nobody," which will be produced by Osmond Tearle in Plymouth, England, next season, and by himself in this country.

NOVELTIES.

Reds, greens and purples are conspicuous colors in the newer leather goods. Fluted tea and coffee services, Queen Anne style, have ebony handles and knobs.

Vinnigrettes of agate are new. They have silver tops set with a stone of the same color as the agate.

Golf scorebooks are provided with all silver covers, also with leather covers with silver mountings.

For the convenience of globe trotters have been provided steamer rug pins strong enough to hold in position the heaviest of rugs.

Silversmiths have provided for hot sauces and gravies low, shallow vessels with long pointed lip, hinged cover and ivory or ebony handle.—Jewellers' Circular.

BRIGHT CHILDREN

Munyon Looks Out for the Little Ones.

A MOTHER'S RESPONSIBILITY.

Munyon never forgets the children. He realizes a mother's responsibility and is ever ready to give her the benefit of his knowledge and experience.

Munyon's Guide to Health, which has been obtained from many a distressed mother, is especially helpful in describing all children's diseases, and gives plain and complete instructions regarding their treatment. Sick children often suffer from indigestion, and every mother should be prepared by having MUNYON'S REMEDIES where she can get them quickly. They are absolutely harmless, and so labeled that they can be no mistake.

Munyon's Cough and Crying Baby Cure cures bilious colic, painter's colic in children, and griping pains of every description, promptly relieves hysteria, sleeplessness, pain from teething, and quiet crying babies. Munyon's Sore Throat Cure effects a prompt cure in diphtheria, and every form of sore throat. Munyon's Fever Cure will break any form of fever. It should be administered as soon as the fever appears. Munyon's Worm Cure causes the prompt removal of pin worms, and worms, intestinal worms, and tape worms. Munyon's Whooping Cough Cure is thoroughly reliable. It relieves the cough and promptly. Munyon's Group Cure positively controls all forms of croup.

At all druggists, mostly 25 cents a vial. Personal letter to Prof. Munyon, 1,500 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

Fortunes Made in Textile Trades.

Eminence in the textile trades does not lead with the same certainty to social distinction as the possession of breweries and distilleries. The Lancashire manufacturers gain titles more hardly, and unless we except Sir Archibald Orr-Ewing, the turkey red dyer connected with that industry, neither peer nor baronet nor even a knight is to be found among the 8 full millionaires, 17 semi-millionaires who have occupied that enviable position in the wills of the last ten years, because custom requires that we should wear clothes. The late John Ryland of Manchester, who was in his youth a traveling packman, died possessed of a personality of more than £2,500,000, and his affairs were in such perfect order that the intricate business of valuing and declaring so colossal an estate was completed within a month. Mr. George H. Strutt of Belper and Mr. Samuel Fielden of Todmorden, both cotton spinners, were millionaires, the estate of the former reaching well on to £2,000,000.

A London draper, the well known Peter Robinson, was close up to the million, and his fellow tradesman Mr. James Marshall of Marshall & Snelgrove not far behind, but the majority of the semi-millionaires who helped to dress us were manufacturers of the district which has Manchester for its center. The repetition of names among them demands attention. There are two Woods, Samuel and Daniel, of Glossop; another Fielden of Todmorden and two Lees, Eli and Charles Edward, of Werneth, near Oldham. This last was one of the rare cases in which the exchequer draws death duties twice from the same estate within two years, as C. E. Lees was the son of Eli, and the fortunes were £250,815 and £249,428, respectively, which shows how little the son must have disturbed his father's investments.—Contemporary Review.

Was Washington Profane?

Rev. F. E. Williams, a Presbyterian pastor of Baltimore, told his congregation that he had no doubt George Washington swore. Round English oaths were common in his day. They were close to hand when a man forgot himself and was carried away in a torrent of passion, and Washington was capable of this. The true Washington was a man of terrific temper. Passion is power. A man who is not capable of getting mad is not capable of getting much of anything else. Self control means nothing unless a man has something to control.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Helpless Sufferer.

Mothers, do not allow the teething baby to suffer with pains from colic and other bowel disorders, when such a reliable and safe remedy as Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup gives immediate relief and perfect ease to the little sufferer. "I have been using Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup in my family for some time, and can say, without any exception, it is the best medicine for babies suffering from colic. I recommend it to every household. Henry H. Degges, 2229 Tenth St., N. W., Washington, D. C." Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup can be bought everywhere for 25 cents. Always refuse unknown or obscure preparations and demand Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup, a well tried and efficacious remedy for all baby disorders.

Do You Travel?

If so, never start on a journey without a bottle of Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure, a sure preventive of bowel complaints occasioned by change of water or climate. 25c. H. F. Vorkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

Notice to Paving Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received by the City Clerk of Lima, Ohio, until 12 o'clock (noon) of Wednesday, July 7, 1897, and opened immediately thereafter, for the improvement of the following streets and avenues of the City of Lima, Ohio, viz:

North Main street, from the Public Square to the main tracks of the P. & O. R. R., by laying the same with a first-class quality of vitrified paving brick.

West Market street, from the Public Square to Cole street, by paving the same from the Public Square to the east line of Elizabeth street, with a first-class quality of vitrified paving brick, and from the east line of Elizabeth street to Cole street, with a first-class quality of asphalt.

Harrison avenue, from Bellefontaine avenue to the first alley south of Linden street, by paving the same with a first-class quality of vitrified paving brick.

Each of said improvements shall include all necessary curbing, catch basins, drainage, etc., incident thereto, and shall be completed in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer and to the final acceptance of the city council.

Bids on each of the above named street improvements shall be considered separately by the council.

Bidders are requested to use the forms of proposal furnished by the City Civil Engineer.

No bid will be considered unless accompanied by a certified check (payable to the City of Lima, Ohio) in the amount of \$1,000, to be retained by the city clerk as a guarantee of the bidder's ability to execute the contract.

All such deposits will be returned to the bidder within 10 days after the award of contract. If the successful bidder shall refuse or neglect to execute a proper contract and furnish a bond acceptable to the City Council within the time specified from the time said contract shall have been awarded to him, said certified check shall be forfeited to and retained by the said City of Lima, Ohio, as liquidated damages for such refusal or neglect, otherwise the said deposit will be returned to him.

Samples of brick and stone, and samples or models of iron sewer pipes, must be submitted with bid.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids, before or after opening the same, which may be accompanied by samples of brick which in the opinion of the engineer will not meet the requirements of the specifications; and to accept any proposal which may be deemed most proper.

Approved by the City Council, and other information may be had on application to the city civil engineer, Lima, Ohio.

C. E. LYNN, City Clerk.

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AN ORDINANCE

For the Construction of Sewer Connections to the Curb Line on North Main street, from the Public Square to the Main Tracks of the P. & O. R. R.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Lima, Ohio, as follows:

Section 1. That in advance of paving, the proper house connections and branches shall be constructed from the sewer to the curb line, for every lot and parcel of land abutting and abutting on north Main street, from the Public Square to the main tracks of the P. & O. R. R., by the owner thereof, on or before the first day of July, 1897, in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

Section 2. That in case there are any delinquent sewer connections not so constructed at that time, the council will cause construction to be made, and the cost and expense thereof will be assessed upon the lots and parcels of land for the accommodation of which such connections and branches may be constructed.

Section 3. The clerk is hereby directed to cause a proper notice of the passage of the ordinance to be served upon each of the property owners of the lots and parcels of land abutting upon said street between such points.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Passed this 24th day of May, A. D. 1897.

J. M. McVey, President of the Council.

C. E. LYNN, City Clerk.

5-25 fcs 2w

AN ORDINANCE

For the Construction of Sewer Connections to the Curb Line on West Market Street, from the Public Square to Cole Street.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Lima, Ohio, as follows:

Section 1. That in advance of paving, the proper house connections and branches shall be constructed from the sewer to the curb line, for every lot and parcel of land abutting and abutting on west Market street, from the Public Square to Cole street, by the owner thereof, on or before the first day of July, 1897, in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

Section 2. That in case there are any delinquent sewer connections not so constructed at that time, the council will cause construction to be made, and the cost and expense thereof will be assessed upon the lots and parcels of land for the accommodation of which such connections and branches may be constructed.

Section 3. The clerk is hereby directed to cause a proper notice of the passage of the ordinance to be served upon each of the property owners of the lots and parcels of land abutting upon said street between such points.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Passed this 24th day of May, A. D. 1897.

J. M. McVey, President of the Council.

C. E. LYNN, City Clerk.

5-25 fcs 2w

AN ORDINANCE

To Establish the Grade of Circular Street from Main Street to Pierce Street.

Be it ordained by the council of the City of Lima, Ohio, as follows:

Section 1. That the grade of Circular street from Main street to Pierce street, be and the same is hereby established as follows:

At the west line of Main street, 14.00 above datum line.

At the east and west lines of Elizabeth street, 12.50 feet above datum line.

At the east and west lines of West street, 10.00 feet above datum line.

At the east and west lines of West street, 18.00 feet west of west line of West street, 14.25 feet above datum line.

The above to be grade of street when improved.

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest time allowed by law.

Passed this 24th day of May, A. D. 1897.

J. M. McVey, President of the Council.

C. E. LYNN, City Clerk.

5-25 fcs 3w

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to the City Council of Lima, Ohio, by The Lima Railway Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio, for the location of the intersection of Main and Wayne streets, west of Main street, to Jameson avenue, from thence north on Jameson avenue to the end of said street, with the right to place in, on, over, under, across, through, and along, all proper curbs, gutters, sidewalks, poles, wires and crossing, and all other things necessary and

TEL MENUS

include Viands and Beverages for all Guests.

properly conducted hotel ex- provide such articles as its require," said Mr. Willis manager of the Palmer House. "The great variety of however, makes a rather bill. We have lately added menu, Postum Cereal Food or the reason that some guests ular coffee a trifle heavy for and even quite indigestible. es not agree with me very I have been in the habit of e-third coffee and filling up with hot water, which is not ether satisfactory beverage. e the choicest coffee we can also the finest Chocolate and This Food Coffee has come response to a demand of the or something with the pung- pliancy of coffee and t the same time conforms to urements of a critical class ure food value and health- erties in their liquids as well solids."

LOCAL TIME CARD

Time of departure of trains from Lima, Pa. to various points, as follows:

P. M. W. & C. E. R.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

C. H. & D. R.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

L. M. & W. R.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

C. E. & R. R.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

OHIO SOUTHERN.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

GOING NORTH.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

GOING SOUTH.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

GOING WEST.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

GOING EAST.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

GOING NORTH.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

GOING SOUTH.
 Leaving East Daily: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving West: 7:45 a.m.
 Leaving South: 7:45 a.m.

A "STRAIGHT TIP."

Claims the Offices of the C. J. & M. Will Be Moved.

A Cincinnati paper claims to have it as a straight tip that the general offices of the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw would be removed from Toledo to that city July 1. Officers of that road with headquarters in this city say that they know nothing of the matter and they don't believe there is any foundation for the story. In the meantime the rumored Brice deal by which the Lima Northern is to secure possession of the C. J. & M. seems to have "died a born-in." An official of the latter road says all these rumors have been started by Lima Northern people. "We are just waiting to be taken," says the C. J. & M. official.—Toledo Bee.

MEN AT WORK

Getting the Ball Park in Condition for the Opening Games.

Men have commenced work at the Fairout ball park, scraping the grounds, and repairing the buildings and fences, preparing for the opening games of the new Lima team with Defiance, Sunday and Monday.

The battery, Sunday, will be Mackey and Bresnahan. The game will be called at 2:30.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Best and Most Popular.

"We sell more of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy than of all others combined," write Messrs. Kerr & Sons, druggists, of Mars, Pa. They also say: "The sale of it is something phenomenal. We have sold two gross this winter, selling as high as six bottles in one morning to as many different customers. This remedy has proved particularly successful in croupy affections. Our customers invariably pronounce it the best they can find, and we know of no case where it has failed to give satisfaction." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; O. W. Heister, 58 public square.

To the G. A. R. Going to Chillicothe.

For your information, and for the comrades and their friends who are going to the state encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, to be held at Chillicothe June 15th, 16th and 17th, we are pleased to inform you that the C. H. & D. will run a special train, leaving Toledo Tuesday morning, June 15th, at 6:55, making all the stops from Toledo to Dayton, thence without stopping, direct to Chillicothe, arriving in ample time for the opening of the encampment and the W. R. O. convention, both of which open at 2:30 p. m. of the 15th.

The commander-in-chief, General Thaddeus S. Clarkson, of Omaha, Nebraska, and the national president of the W. R. O. Mrs. Agnes Pitt, of Indianapolis, Indiana, go to Chillicothe on this train starting from Toledo, and all comrades, their ladies and friends, will have an opportunity to visit enroute with these prominent officers. All that is necessary is to consent with your nearest C. H. & D. agent as to the arrival at his station of this train, or write direct to J. Cory Wiesens, Toledo, Ohio, who will furnish the information. All local papers will have notices of this train. Remember, tickets are on sale June 14th, 15th and 16th, good returning until the 19th; also that the C. H. & D. is the only road owning their own line into Chillicothe. This enables every comrade and their friends to see the Ohio Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphan Home, at Xenia—this home all the comrades and their friends are interested in.

Through cars both ways without change. D. G. EDWARDS, Passenger Traffic Manager.

L. O. T. M.

The Ladies of the Maccabees are requested to meet at their hall, Deans block, Saturday evening, June 5th. By order of COMMANDER.

Dr. D. R. Rothrock, of New Berlin, Pa., does not hesitate to recommend Chamberlain's medicines. He says: "I have handled them for a year or more in my pharmacy and find them safe and reliable. My customers praise them very highly." No one who is troubled with rheumatism can use Chamberlain's Pain Balm without praising it. The quick relief from pain which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; O. W. Heister, 58 public square.

The Wise Indian.

"There is this much to be said in favor of the wild men of the forest," says the Lammington sage: "They always smoke a pipe of peace; never a cigarette."—Philadelphia North American.

CASTORIA.

Cured in One Night.

Charles H. Connelle, Esq., leading lawyer of York, Pa., says: "Your Brazilian Balm cured me of one of the worst colds I ever experienced, in one night. I think it the greatest medicine in the market, and you can use my name any way you like."

Wise and Foolish.

Any man who has not Foley's Kidney Cure as a safeguard in his life. R. F. Vorkamp, north-river Main and North streets.

CASAN, THE TARTAR DWARF.

A Little Mongolian Who Lived Centuries Ago.

In the series of papers on "Historic Dwarfs," in St. Nicholas, Mary Sheats Roberts describes the famous Casan. Mrs. Roberts says:

Casan was the name of a little Mongol Tartar who flourished in the early part of the thirteenth century. He was born in the eastern part of Asia, not far from the present city of Karakorum. His parents belonged to one of the barbarian tribes that owed allegiance to Genghis Khan, and Casan became a fierce though small warrior and fought bravely under the banner of the great and mighty Mongol conqueror.

The exact height of this little dwarf is unknown. He was certainly not over three feet tall, but he was active and muscular, and like all his race, could endure hunger, thirst, fatigue and cold.

The Tartars were unexcelled in the management of their beautiful horses. The fleetest animals were trained to stop short in full career, and to face without finching wild beast or formidable foe. Casan was a born soldier, and at an early age became expert in all the exercises that belonged to a Tartar education. He could manage a fiery courser with great skill and could shoot an arrow or throw a lance with merring aim, in full career, advancing or retreating.

Like many of those small in stature, he was anything but puny in spirit, and while yet a lad he gathered about him a troop of wild young Tartar boys as reckless and daring as himself, of whom by common consent he became leader. He commanded his lawless young comrades with a strange mixture of dignity and energy, and they obeyed his orders with zeal and willingness. Sometimes they would go on long hunting expeditions, seldom failing to lay waste any lovely habitation they happened on.

LOOKS LIKE A BEAR.

A Diminutive Animal That You Can Find In Water.

He really looks very much like a bear, though you must put him under a powerful microscope to see the resemblance. The extraordinary thing, however, about this tiny creature is that he is found in the gutters of houses, where he is at one time dry as dust and scorched by the blazing sun, at another active and full of life under a refreshing shower of rain.

The water bear is one of the Rotifer animalcules, and is one of them the most capable of standing any extremes of temperature without giving up the ghost. He may be left dried up for months, even years, and yet on being put into water will expand and begin moving about and feeding vigorously. Although he cannot stand boiling water, he will live in dry heat at a far higher temperature, even up to 260 degrees F. One has actually been kept in vacuum for 30 days with sulphuric acid and chloride of calcium without losing his capability of revivification.

As for the reason why, it seems the little beast's bodies are chiefly composed of albumen, which, it is well known, will stand a very high temperature without losing its solubility. Then, too, they are provided with two skins, one over the other, and these skins are wonderfully tough and elastic. The water bear has the scientific name of tardigrada, because he takes life so easy. He is always fat and plump and spends his waking periods in constantly grubbing with his four pairs of legs among whatever rubbish comes in his way. Having eyes, brain and a nervous system, he is much ahead of his tribe, and is altogether one of the most interesting and amusing little animals known to science.—London Tit-Bits.

A Failure.

A certain professor in one of the leading schools of this city was not long since desirous of incorporating some negro dialect in a story he was preparing. Not being very well versed in their manner of speech, he betthought him that it would be a good idea to study the language in its purity undefiled. With this end in view he betook himself to the vicinity of the Union depot, near which representatives of the ebony race are always to be found.

One effort was enough. Meeting a coal black negro driving a wagon rather well loaded and accosting him as "Uncle John," the following brief dialogue ensued:

"Pretty heavy load, uncle. Can you get up the hill with it?"

"I do not know, sir, but I presume so."

Such an example of pure and undefiled English coming from such an unexpected source almost paralyzed the professor, who muttered something about the "degeneracy of the modern negro," and, mentally deciding to consult the works of "Uncle Remus," he retraced his steps to his apartments.—Nashville American.

Photographing the Arteries.

After much study and painstaking an artery in the arm of an adult has been photographed. The patient had been suffering from some trouble in the arm which the physicians were unable to correctly diagnose. By means of the X rays deposits of lime salts in the blood were clearly shown, and the case was treated in accordance with the facts elicited by the photographing as described.—New York Ledger.

Clothes and Credit.

When a man realizes that he can't pay his debts and has got to ask for an extension of time, the first thing for him to do is to go to a fashionable tailor and get him a new suit of clothes. Creditors are seldom lenient with a seedy man.—Somerville Journal.

Snakes in South Africa fear the secretary bird and will even crawl away from its shadow. This bird can easily thrash a bird twice its size.

FOR LADIES ONLY.

Yet Every Man in Lima Will Be Sure to Read It.

It required some persuasion to induce Mrs. H. T. Rauch, 731 west North street, to allow her name to be published as one that could speak of the great benefits received from using Doan's Kidney Pills, and it was a knowledge of a duty owing to suffering humanity to individuals dragging out a joyless life, burdened with kidney troubles, thoroughly disgusted with having tested so many useless remedies in vain, that prevailed upon her to consent. While enduring so much distress in her back she learned that Doan's Kidney Pills were a cure and could be obtained at the drug store of W. M. Melville, No. 147 north Main street. She says that she owes to them the following:

"I can conscientiously say that Doan's Kidney Pills did me a great deal of good and I would highly recommend them to anyone having pains in the back, soreness across the loins, languor and weariness weighing them down, and weakness of the kidneys."

My back troubled me for three or four years at times I was unfit to accomplish the commonest household occupations. I could not sleep nights from the constant aching, while at times dizziness and distress in my head made me miserable. Since taking Doan's Kidney Pills I have not felt that aching in my back and that tired feeling has all gone. I am now in the midst of my house cleaning and I do not know what I should have done without Doan's Kidney Pills. They are certainly a reliable medicine and really do accomplish what is said of them."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers—price 50 cents, or mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

A Story of a Manuscript.

A story is told of a certain southern author who had a manuscript accepted by a northern periodical that only pays on publication, but he has never had the pleasure of seeing his production in print. Finally he went north, and, getting hard up, called on the editor, who would neither return his manuscript nor guarantee him a day of publication. He repaired to his hotel and wrote the editor a threatening letter, in which he mentioned pistols and coffee, etc. Shortly after he was arrested and taken to the station house, where he remained all night. The next morning he sent the following message to the editor:

"I didn't know the rules up here. For heaven's sake, come down and pay my fine and take the manuscript as security."

The editor was unmoved by this appeal and replied briefly:

"We cannot violate the rules of our office. We will pay your fine when we publish your story. We wish you well."—Atlanta Constitution.

American Viola Wood.

It has been recently discovered that the bar maple wood grown in Washington is superior to any wood yet tried in the manufacture of small stringed instruments, such as violins. This is verified by the practical experience and testimony of a well known Chicago instrument maker. He finds that the Washington maple is superior to any he has yet used, and he has heretofore been importing maple from the mountain regions of Switzerland as the best he could find in the world.

The Washington maple seems to possess the necessary qualities of being very difficult to split, capacity for satiny finish, resonance, strength and lightness in the superlative degrees. While the demand for such wood does not call for any great amount, it is steadily increasing and will almost command its own price. As an instance of the superiority of some American made instruments, a purchaser sent to Europe lately for a high priced instrument and when it was received it was found to be the product of the aforesaid manufacturer.—Buffalo Express.

Mother Almost Worn Out—Hands Colic Cure Gave Instant Relief.

BELL BROOK, O., March 25, '96. Dr. Hand—"I received your sample bottle of Colic Cure and was never so glad in my life. My baby had the wind colic ever since she was born and I was almost worn out. I gave her a dose without my husband's knowledge and it gave her instant relief, and she has not been the least trouble since I gave her the first dose. I would not be without it for anything. I will recommend your Colic Cure to every mother. Mrs. J. C. Wade." Sold by all druggists, 25c.

PLEURISY QUICKLY CURED.

I have suffered the most excruciating pains in the side. The Doctor said it was Pleurisy. The Brazilian Balm gave me almost instant relief when everything else failed, and permanently cured me. I took it and had some warmed and rubbed on strong.

MRS. ELIZABETH PARCELS, Marcus Hook, Pa.

Rossini and Wagner.

One day Gounod, on entering the room of Rossini, found him thumping the piano with all his might, but drawing the most discordant noise from the instrument. "What in the name of all that is good are you playing?" asked the Frenchman. "I am trying to play that new score of Wagner's," replied the Italian. "But the score is upside down." "That's true," was the retort. "I had it the other way up at first, but couldn't make head or tail of it, so I thought I might succeed in this way."

The burden of labor is constantly being lightened by new inventions, but nothing new has yet been discovered to brighten the hours of labor and make life worth living like Simmons Liver Regulator does. It's the King of Liver Medicines. A sluggish liver depresses one's spirits and causes languor, besides upsetting the whole system. But Simmons Liver Regulator tones up and strengthens the body.

SPIRITED CONTEST

For the Election of President of the Travelers' Protective Association.

Nashville, June 4.—The convention of the Travelers' Protective Association met at 2:30 o'clock and adopted the report of the board of directors with a proviso affecting bicycle riders. State reports were then submitted.

Pennsylvania was granted the claim for the best work of the year. The national attorney, H. T. Kent, reported an increase of 10 per cent in the number of suits brought against the Travelers' Protective association.

The election of officers was then held. The scenes were lively and nominating and seconding speeches were numerous.

Three candidates for president were placed in nomination—Joseph Wallerstein of Virginia, C. H. Wyckard of Missouri and Charles R. Duffin of Indiana.

Balloting continued with changes back and forth until the fifth, in which Wallerstein received 73, Duffin 64 and Wyckard 5. Wallerstein receiving just enough votes to elect. The fight had been a vigorous one and Wallerstein's supporters rejoiced.

National Secretary and Treasurer L. P. Lebaume was re-elected. Samuel P. Jones of Louisville, C. M. Wyckard and W. A. Kirchoff were elected to fill vacancies on the board of directors. M. E. Phelan of Illinois succeeds E. E. Smith of Georgia as chairman of the railroad committee.

Army Assignments Made.

Washington, June 4.—Acting Secretary of War Meiklejohn announced that appointments had been made to the command of two of the great army departments of the country. Brigadier General Wade has been assigned to the department of Dakota at St. Paul and Brigadier General Graham to the department of Texas at San Antonio. This leaves vacant the department of Columbia, which will be assigned to Colonel Merriam when he shall have been promoted next week to be brigadier general.

Will Go to Jail.

Minneapolis, June 4.—E. E. Waite, the special pension examiner who stands convicted in the district court of Howard county of having intimidated by threats of prosecution and imprisonment Daniel P. Andrews of Cresco, and who was charged by the pension bureau with conduct which made him liable to arrest, left here to deliver himself up to justice. He will go to jail.

Died in the Poorhouse.

Chicago, June 4.—George Pye, 68, died in the poorhouse, and unless friends intervene his body will go to the medical colleges. He was a graduate of Dublin university. He was a civil engineer of repute in the old country, and came to America some years ago possessed of considerable wealth, which he lost in the failure of a mechanical device in which he was interested.

Acknowledged His Guilt.

Dover, Del., June 4.—While the directors of the First National bank were in session examining the account of William N. Boggs, the paying teller, who had been in their employ for 15 years, they received a letter from him saying he was \$38,000 short and had left town. He gave details of his irregularities, which had extended over 10 years.

Charged With "Grafting."

Rio de Janeiro, June 4.—The Italian minister to Brazil has been several times threatened by subjects of Italy, resident in the republic, who declare that their claims for injuries and loss of property during the revolution have not been satisfied, though the money has been paid to the Italian authorities by the Brazilian government.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations for June 3.

New York.
 Beef—Family, \$5 50; 10 50; extra mess, \$7 50; 10 50; packed, \$8 50; 10 50. Out meats—Picked bellies, \$6 50; 10 50; picked shoulders, \$6 50; 10 50; picked hams, \$6 50; 10 50. Lard—Western steam, \$3 50. Pork—Old mess, \$8 50; 10 50.
 Butter—Western dairy, \$8 15; creamery, 14 12; do factory, 6 12. Cheese—State large, 12 12; small, 12 12; part skims, 12 12; full skims, 2 12. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 10 10; western fresh, 10 10.
 Wheat—75c. Corn—20 1/2. Rye—37 1/2. Oats—21 1/2.

Pittsburg.
 Cattle—Prime cattle, \$5 10; 25; good, \$4 75; 40; tidy butchers', \$4 40; 45; fair, \$4 15; 40; good beefers, \$3 00; 25; ozen, \$2 00; 40; bulls, stags and cows, \$2 00; 35.
 Hogs—Prime medium weights, \$3 65; 40; best Yorkers and pigs, \$3 65; heavy, \$3 60; 3 65; common to fair Yorkers, \$3 55; 40; rough, \$2 25; 30.
 Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, choice, \$4 15; 40; good, \$4 00; 40; fair, \$3 60; 35; common, \$3 00; 30; choice yearlings, \$4 65; 40; common to good, \$3 50; 40; spring lambs, \$4 50; 30.
 Calves—Veal calves, \$6 00; 40; 50.

Chicago.
 Hogs—Light, \$3 45; 60; mixed, \$3 40; 3 37 1/2; heavy, \$3 25; 3 37 1/2; rough, \$3 25; 3 37 1/2.
 Cattle—Beefers, \$4 00; 50; cows and heifers, \$2 00; 40; Texas steers, \$3 20; 40; stockers and feeders, \$3 00; 40.
 Sheep—Firm to a shade higher.
 Wheat—65c. Corn—24c. Oats—17 1/2. Rye—35c.

Buffalo.
 Sheep and Lambs—Choice export lambs, \$5 40; 50; handy, \$5 15; 30; culls, \$3 75; 40; sheep, handy, \$4 25; 40.
 Cattle—None on sale.
 Calves—Market steady.
 Hogs—Yorkers and pigs, \$3 67 1/2; 30; medium, \$3 05.

Cincinnati.
 Wheat—No. 2 red, 80c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 25 1/2. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 20 1/2; 21c. Rye—35c.
 Lard—\$3 40. Bulk meats—\$4 60; 45.
 Bacon—\$3 40; 45.
 Hogs—\$3 40; 45.
 Sheep—\$2 90; 40. Cattle—\$4 50; 45.

Baltimore.
 Butter—Pawny creamery, 16c. Eggs—Fresh, 14 1/2; 10c.

Toledo.
 Wheat—78c. Corn—25 1/2.

PECULIAR POISONS

Generated in the Human Body. The Result of IMPERFECT DIGESTION OF FOOD.

Every living thing, plant or animal, contains within itself the germs of certain decay and death.

In the human body these germs of disease and death (called by scientists "poisons"), are usually the result of imperfect digestion of food; the result of indigestion or dyspepsia.

The stomach, from abuse, weakness, does not promptly and thoroughly digest the food. The result is a heavy, sodden mass which ferments (the first process of decay) poisoning the blood, making it thin, weak, and lacking in red corpuscles; poisoning the brain, causing headaches and pain in the eyes.

Bad digestion irritates the heart, causing palpitation and finally bringing on disease of this very important organ.

Poor digestion poisons the kidneys, causing Bright's disease and diabetes. And this is so because every organ, every nerve depends upon the stomach alone for nourishment and renewal, and weak digestion shows itself not only in loss of appetite and flesh, but in weak nerves and muddy complexion.

The great English scientist, Huxley, said the best start in life is a sound stomach. Weak stomachs fail to digest food properly, because they lack the proper quantity of digestive acids (lactic and hydrochloric) and peptogenic products; the most sensible remedy in all cases of indigestion, is to take after each meal, one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they supply in a pleasant, harmless form all the elements that weak stomachs lack.

The regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure every form of stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

They increase flesh, insure pure blood, strong nerves, a bright eye and clear complexion, because all these result only from wholesome food well digested.

Nearly all druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50 cents full sized package or by mail by enclosing price to Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich., but ask your druggist first.

A little book on stomach diseases mailed free. Address, Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

A Handsome Complexion is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. FOSTER'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

Excursions via C. H. & D. R. R. Co.

Excursion to Detroit via C. H. & D. R. R. Co.

On account of the Imperial Council Nobles of the Mystic shrine, agents of the C. H. & D. R. R. Co. will sell tickets to Detroit, Mich., and return, on June 15th and 16th, at one fare for the round trip; good for return until June 15th.

C. H. & D. R. Co. Excursion to Pittsburg, Pa.

Account Junior Order United American Mechanics National Convention at Pittsburg, Pa., June 15th to 18th, agents of the C. H. & D. R. Co. will sell tickets to Pittsburg, Pa., and return at one fare for the round trip, good during June 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th; good returning up to and including June 30th '97.

Teachers' Excursion to Toledo via C. H. & D. R. Co.

On account of the Ohio State Teachers' Association, agents of the C. H. & D. R. Co. will sell tickets to Toledo and return at one fare for round trip on June 29th and 30th, good for return up to and including July 3rd.

Excursion to Dayton, Ohio, via C. H. & D. R. Co.

For the Christian Endeavor Union of Ohio, agents of the C. H. & D. R. Co. will sell tickets to Dayton and return on June 22nd and 23rd, at one fare for the round trip, good for return until June 25th.

Excursion to Chillicothe.

Agents of the C. H. & D. R. Co. will sell tickets to Chillicothe and return, on account of the annual encampment of the G. A. R. Department of Ohio, good during June 14th and 15th; good returning until June 19th; at one fare for the round trip, short line distance.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rate on the C. H. & D. R. Co. will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

H. J. McGinnis, Ticket Agent.

Takes His Time.

Sho—Our minister does not jump at conclusions.

He—I should say not. I never knew him to reach a conclusion in less than an hour.—Brooklyn Life.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The signature of J. C. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Grippe Cured.

THE ADVERTISING FAKE

Again Visits This City and Finds Victims.

Business Men Pay for Advertising in a Newspaper Syndicate and Discover They Have Been Deceived.

Another swindler has visited this city, succeeded in "working" several business men for advertisements which neither they nor any one else will ever see and has left the city, telling no one where he was going and leaving a board bill unpaid. What his name is or where his home is no one knows.

About two weeks ago a peculiar looking individual came into the city and introduced himself as "Rambler," and represented himself as being in the advertising business. His card bore the name "Rambler," and he said he represented a syndicate of the following papers: New York World, Philadelphia Star, Boston Globe, St. Louis Star, Chicago Tribune, Lafayette Sunday Herald, Hamilton Daily News, Sidney Gazette and Anglia County Democrat. He appeared to have more business than he was able to take care of. He did much writing, but whether it was mailed or saw a printing room is doubted.

There are always some business men who are readily susceptible to the arguments of the traveling advertising frauds and who think they are getting cheap advertising, when in reality they are paying for something that brings no returns. "Rambler," after he had secured as much advertising as he possibly could, suddenly departed from the city. They will now advertise for the man who defrauded them.

One gentleman wrote to the editor of the Anglia County Democrat, making inquiry about him. The editor replied that he knew nothing of "Rambler" and that he was not their representative nor was he an agent for any syndicate of which the Anglia County Democrat was a member. He also stated that some advertising from several Lima business concerns had been received but as it did not have with it the necessary money it found its way into the waste basket.

This information was sufficient to assure the ones who had given advertisements to the "Rambler" that they had been "buncoed" by a stranger who now, no doubt, is in other fields reaping a harvest off of men who think they are getting good advertising at a very cheap rate.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

CHANGES ON THE ERIE.

An important change is to take effect on the Chicago & Erie railroad to-morrow.

All passenger trains are to run through from Chicago without changing engines in Huntington, as heretofore. Trains 5 and 8 will change engines at Marion, and all other passenger trains will run through to Gallon. When east bound, or Chicago, when west bound, without a change of engines.

Sixteen engines will be taken away from Huntington by this change. They are the engines now used on trains 5, 8, 12, 1, 2, 13 and 14. All the engine crews will remain in Huntington and they will change here the same as now, thus avoiding any change whatever in the men. The general overhauling and heavy repairing of engines will continue to be done in the Huntington shops, but the running and light repairs will be done in Gallon and Chicago. It is likely that two or three machinists will be transferred from Huntington to those places for that purpose.

NOTES.

Brakeman Hamilton, of the L. E. & W., is laying off.

The Detroit & Lima Northern has an excursion advertised to Detroit next Sunday.

The Ohio Southern will run an excursion from points south of Springfield to Detroit Sunday.

Day call boy Roy Robinson, of the L. E. & W., has returned from a visit at his home in Tipton, Ind.

The Erie is making extensive improvements along its line. It has adopted the ninety pound standard rail on the line east of Marion, and has just purchased twenty very heavy locomotives to use on that division.

The C. E. & D. passenger engines now make the entire run from Toledo to Cincinnati, thus making about 104 miles each day. The engineers and firemen, however, have the same runs as they did when the engines were changed here.

Coroner Wilson has completed his report on the death of Nathan Myers, who was killed by an L. E. & W. train near Bluffton, Sunday. Thereport simply states that death was caused by being run over by a train on the L. E. & W. railway.—*Findlay Telegraph*.

The general manager of the Pennsylvania denies the report that the company will adopt electricity generally as a motive power on its lines, either the third rail or trolley system. The company's trolley line from Mount Holly to Burlington continues its successful operation.

The Detroit & Lima Northern road has opened its new passenger depot at Wayne street, the first train pulling out from it this morning. The building is of stone, two stories in

height, and modern in every particular. It is the handsomest depot in the city.—*Adrian Times*.

Will Dwyer, formerly yard master here for the C. E., has gone to Hinton, W. Va., to accept a railroad position.

A line has been surveyed for the projected extension of the Flodlay, St. Wayne & Western road to Kankakee, Ill., and the engineers are now surveying toward an eastern outlet. New Castle, Pa., is the prospective eastern terminus.

PLACE OF AMUSEMENT.

Frank McGinnis Will Open His Vaudeville Show Monday Evening at Hoyer's Park.

Next Monday Mr. McGinnis will open a vaudeville show in the auditorium at Hoyer's park, and from then on every night, except Sunday, of each week will be presented an interesting attraction. The building in which the entertainment will be given is a one story frame structure with slides so arranged that they can be quickly raised, thus giving excellent ventilation. The floor is of cement and inclines toward the orchestra pit. The building can comfortably seat one thousand six hundred people. The stage is large and an excellent view of it can be had from all parts of the building.

Mr. McGinnis proposes to give to the people excellent attractions and states that he will engage only the best people and that nothing but the highest class vaudeville will be presented. Frey's Orchestra and the City Band has been engaged to furnish the music every night during the summer. Mr. McGinnis is an old Lima boy and a thorough theatrical man, and no doubt will give to the people of Lima such a place of entertainment as they have not heretofore had. It will certainly be hailed with delight by all of the citizens of the city. It will be a place where one can go and spend a pleasant evening, listen to good music, and see an excellent entertainment at a very little expense.

OHIO RACING CIRCUIT.

Lima Wanted Labor Day or None, and Failed to Get It.

A meeting was held at Columbus Saturday, May 16th, of club representatives of the state, to form an Ohio State Racing Circuit. An organization was effected, J. Milton Finch, of Dayton, being elected president, and H. J. Chancellor, of Dayton, secretary. A general discussion and exchange of views followed, with the result that the following circuit schedule was arranged:

Xenia, July 1st; Dayton, 3rd; Columbus, 5th and 6th; Springfield, 8th; Cincinnati, 10th; Portsmouth, 12th; Gallipolis, 14th; Marietta, 16th; Zanesville, 18th; Canal Dover, 21st; Massillon, 23rd; Elyria, 26th; Lisbon, 29th; Youngstown, 30th; Niles, August 2d; Salem, 4th; Wooster, 6th; Mansfield, 8th; Fostoria, 12th; Marion, 14th.

The Lima Cycling Club made application for admission to the state circuit but would accept no date except Labor Day. The circuit closes August 11, and consequently Lima did not get in.

WILL SOON BE A MAN.

Ora Cavins Celebrates the 20th Anniversary of His Birthday.

Last evening a merry crowd of young folks gathered at the home of Mr. Ora Cavins, on south Main street, to assist in celebrating his twentieth birthday anniversary. Games and music were the features of the evening, and a delightful supper was served at 11 o'clock, and after a few more games all returned to their respective homes.

Those present were: Misses Anna Fetherly, Della McElvaine, Josie Ebraman, Nora Atmure, Goldie Kramer, Nevada Sellers, Lissie James, Gay Mowery, Cleo Cavins, Messrs. Ira Newell, Harry McBaron, John Noyal, Frank Boston, Albert Pettier, Mike Keller, Stanley Montgomery, James Tyler, John Watts, Emmitt McElvaine and Ora Cavins.

A STREET FAIR.

One May be Held in Lima During the Month of July.

A movement has been started by some prominent and enterprising people in this city toward getting up a street fair to be held in Lima for four or five days during the month of July. The prospective location of the fair is from Wayne to Springfield on Main, including the public square for agricultural exhibits.

Street fairs have been held in most of the smaller cities and towns in northwestern Ohio and have been declared a decided success. Everything is free so far as sight seeing is concerned, and the attendance from far and near is always large.

The projectors of the scheme will visit the merchants in the near future to ascertain whether or not they favor the plan.

Masonic Notice.

There will be a regular meeting of Lima Chapter No. 49, R. A. M., this evening. Work in P. M. degree.

THOS. CARILL, II. P.

W. LANDIS, Sec'y.

Band concert at Hoyer park to-night.

A Yengefot Transaction.

He looked apprehensively up and down the street as he and his wife emerged from the restaurant. His steps were rapid, and it was not until after the corner had been turned that he said: "Maria, I don't want to go through life with a secret in my bosom. Rather than that, I will risk forfeiting your esteem."

"What is the matter? Have you been robbing anybody?"

"Don't talk about it in that way. There were mitigating circumstances. You remember the counterfeit 50 cent piece that I got last fall?"

"Yes. It's the only money you ever succeeded in saving."

"It's gone with the rest. I gave it to the cashier in the restaurant."

"By accident?"

"No. I did it in cold blood. I have been thinking about doing it for a long time. Ordinarily I am not vindictive, but I got to brooding over the matter till I yielded to temptation."

"How did your conscience permit you to do such a thing?"

"That's the worst of it. Every time I think about it it seems to make my conscience feel better. We have been patronizing that restaurant on occasions for a year at least."

"Yes."

"The proprietor has given us veal in the chicken salad, codfish in the deviled crabs, gibney in the coffee and water in the cream."

"There has been reason for suspicion?"

"We have had evidence that would convince any jury. After I had given him a 50 cent piece with some lead in it I tried to be ashamed of myself, but I couldn't. It may have been contrary to the statutes of the United States, but it was poetic justice."—*Washington Star*.

An Ingenious Idea.

There is a certain genius in one of our western towns who will doubtless never lose any of his worldly possessions if it depends on his wit to retain them. His entry into the town and a subsequent method he employed to secure redress from a grocer who had outrageously imposed upon him by selling him a lot of sugar mixed with lime sufficiently testify to his ability in such matters. The impurity of the sugar was hardly perceptible at first, but when put into use it quickly showed its inferiority. The next day an advertisement appeared in the town paper that read somewhat as follows:

"Should the grocer who for his profits injudiciously mixed a pound of lime with a few pounds of sugar and lately sold it to a customer not send to that person at once the pound of sugar he cheated him of, his name shall be disclosed to the newspapers." To which advertisement he affixed his name and address.

The morning had hardly passed before a pound of sugar arrived, followed in quick succession by seven more, all from different sources, which plainly showed a distressing want of honesty among the grocers of the town.

It is not related whether the coffee, tea and various other articles were examined by the genius in hopes of a similar condition and a like reward, but the presumption is that no time was lost in ascertaining if such a possibility actually existed.—*Harper's Round Table*.

When a Man Is Fifty.

"A man's advancing age tells on him in no other way more unmistakably than in his habits of living in the morning," remarked Colonel Peter Toller of Philadelphia to a St. Louis Republic reporter. "I wake up every morning with the sun. Time was when I used to regard it as a hardship to be waked before 8 o'clock. That was when I was young. When I reached 50, I began to wake with the sun, and no matter how late I sat up the night before I found myself tired of sleeping beyond the hour of the sun's rising. Many men about 50 you meet now will tell you that they had themselves sleeping less than formerly and are unable to account for it. Whenever one of them complains to me I know what his age is, no matter how young he may look. There is something in us that responds to a reawakened nature when we reach the half century post in our journey through life, and all the drugs in the pharmacopoeia will not avert the tendency to sleep no more after daylight comes. In the future, when I find complaints to you of his inability to re-awaken 'gleams of sleep' and 'bright crepuscles,' just tell him that he will find this habit fixed upon him for the remainder of his life, because it is a sure sign of advancing age."

Order of the Garter.

The Order of the Garter was instituted by Edward III. The number of persons was for long strictly limited to 25, besides the sovereign. Other statutes have since been made extending the number by admitting foreign potentates and members of the royal family in addition to the 25.

The Nature of the Creature.

"Waiter, it is almost half an hour since I ordered that turtle soup." "Waiter—Sorry, sir, but you know how slow turtles are.—*Trib-Bits*.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cad's Condition Powders, they are what horses need when in bad condition. One blood purifier and vermicide.

For Dressed Ducks.

And Chickens, spring lamb and home-baked ham, go to Townsend's market.

CHEAP TELEGRAPHING.

How a Barbed Wire Fence Was Successfully Dressed Into Service.

Considerable interest was aroused not long ago by the experiment of three young men in Wilmington, Mass., who made up their minds to become telegraph operators. They were: George Frost, a farmer's son, who lives about a mile north of Wilmington Junction; Elmer Batchelder, station agent at the junction, and Willard Lowe, son of a foreman on the Boston and Maine railroad. Their first ambition was to be able to check out words and sentences on an instrument, and having learned to do that they were determined to have an outdoor telegraph line of their own.

Many persons learn to make and understand the dots and dashes used in telegraphing, but perhaps not 1 in 100 knows what it means to equip and care for a line over a mile long. It is commonly supposed that an outdoor line is expensive, and that its construction and management require a degree of skill not possessed by the average telegrapher. The scheme of the three young men, who made a line over a mile long out of a barbed wire fence, shows how cheaply, easily and satisfactorily communication by telegraph may be effected for a comparatively short distance. How that scheme was carried out, the line insulated, provided with batteries, three sets of instruments, and put in complete working order for about \$10, was explained to a reporter.

"A barbed wire fence," said Mr. Batchelder, "may be an odd substitute for a telegraph line, but it is far from being a poor one. Our plan worked perfectly, and the fence wires that were used, couldn't have given better service if they had been of the best copper and strung 30 feet above the ground. The fence was used for the sake of convenience and economy. There were three offices on the line, two being over a mile apart, and to have stretched a wire between those points would have cost \$75 or \$100. Before using the fence we had to overcome one serious difficulty, that of insulation. Unless the wires were well insulated at the points where they touched the posts the electricity would be likely to escape, and in a rain storm the circuit would be completely destroyed. Putting glass insulators on the posts would be a tedious job, and so would tacking on pieces of rubber or any other nonconductor. 'Paint is a good insulator. Why not use that?' we thought. So with a brush and pot of thick paint we tried the experiment, applying a good coat where the wire was fastened to the posts.

"Batteries were next required. Twelve glass battery jars, the number needed, would cost more than we could pay, and we gave up the idea of buying them. Paint had already been useful to us, and there were plenty of paint pots to be had. We wondered if they wouldn't do in stead of glass jars. A dozen were selected. Then it remained to supply the pots with zincs, coppers and blue vitriol. Railroad companies frequently renew the batteries on their line, and there were enough secondhand zincs and coppers at hand to meet our wants. The blue vitriol we bought. For instruments we procured three so-called learners' outfits. One set was cheap, costing us only \$1.50. The magnets on that instrument were not suitable for use on an outdoor circuit and had to be rewound with finer wire. But the rewinding was an easy matter, and when the instrument was ready for use it had cost us less than \$2. Each of the other sets cost \$3. The amount of covered wire necessary for making the indoor connections was not great and we got that for less than \$1.

"Before pronouncing the line complete we carefully inspected the fence wires to see if all the spheres were well made. Whenever there was a bad connection we cut and replaced the wire. When everything that we thought necessary was done, the unique battery jars were filled with water, and the instrument at each of the offices responded with promptness and satisfaction. The line gave us absolutely no trouble, even during heavy rainstorms, and was the means of making three good operators. Our use of the fence in no way interfered with its original purpose, and it is doubtful if the Western Union Telegraph company ever suspected that it had a competitor who transacted his business over a barbed wire fence."—*New York Sun*.

A Country of Chess.

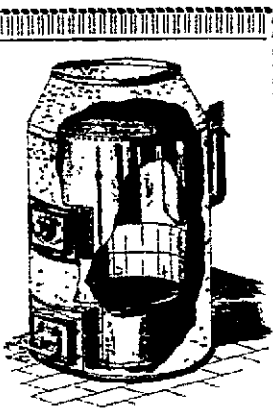
One can scarcely take up a German paper or magazine which does not have its special column or corner devoted to chess and its interludes. The children are set to work on simple chess puzzles in their papers, while the magazines for older readers present problems which seem almost hopeless of solution to an inexperienced player. There are chess clubs, chess-rooms, chess-books and chess players without number.

Our Object . . .

- In giving away valuable presents is simply this:
- We want to increase our business. We want
- YOUR TRADE and will make it an object for
- you to deal with us. We will not only give you
- the best goods at lowest living prices, but will,
- in addition to this, give you a valuable premium. Please bear in mind that we make no advance in the price of our goods on account of
- this offer, but hope by increasing our trade to
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- and will be pleased to have you call at our store
- and examine the premiums which we are giving away, at

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The Reliable Steel Plate Furnace!

The Modern House Warmer.

Write for catalogue and estimate on complete job to the manufacturer,

GEO. AUER, DELPHOS, O.

THE TRAINED NURSE.

A Protest Against Her Superhuman Self Poise in the Sickroom.

A medical writer who asserts that in 20 years there will be no physicians, but only surgeons and nurses, maintains that the only advance that has been made in the practice of medicine in this century is the institution of the trained nurse. This is hard on the general practitioners, especially when it is considered that they did not voluntarily, but quite reluctantly, open the sickroom to the trained nurse, who is the discovery or invention of benevolent women with a mania for collecting funds and a passion for patronizing semipublic schools.

Even as to the trained nurse there are two points of view. In cases of severe and critical sickness and in households where there is no orderliness and no rational self restraint, the awful presence of this young woman is obviously necessary if the patient is to have a chance for his life. In other cases the patient, if a man, has a fierce desire to throw pillows or slippers at her head, to swear shockingly or do something to disturb her disciplined and unnatural equanimity. Her fixed, eternal smile of simulated sweetness and patience is maddening. She has a quiet but pitiless air of absolute wisdom and superhuman self poise.

The precision with which her hair is brushed under her aggressively neat cap, her noiseless, ghostlike glide, her businesslike and automatic administration of drops and powders without the human possibility of a fatal mistake, and, above all, her set and practiced look of celestial goodness, are enough to irritate the most patient of sick men. The man is restrained by her painfully ladylike manners from swearing and throwing things, and the restraint is bad for his nerves.

She mars all the pleasures of sickness. The liberty to swear without being reproached which is accorded to a man by the members of his own family, the privilege of whining until the wife or sister or other related woman is moved to a display of sympathy, the liberty to plead for delay when the bitter dose is due, to work up a senseless grievance, distress everybody about the premises, find fault with the cooking and conduct himself generally like a spoiled child, these are the usual compensations of the sick man. All are impracticable and barred when a positive, unsympathetic trained nurse is in charge, and the women of the household gladly surrender all responsibility into her hands and can be heard chatting cheerfully with callers down stairs. The sick man is disappointed too. At the first graceful suggestion of the trained nurse he has visions of a lovely young creature, whose feelings will be touched by his appearance of suffering, who will smooth his pillow with a soft and tender hand, which she will subsequently place on his manly, fevered brow, and that sort of sentimental thing. Ablebodied men are more sentimental than schoolgirls, even a bank president after business hours. When the expectant patient finds

WANTED.

WANTED—A girl, at 714 West Spring St. Mrs. C. BEATTIE.

WANTED—Girl, at once, at Bowler's Dining Hall.

WANTED—Situation as nurse or general housework; can give best of reference. 522 Holmes avenue. 3-12

FOR RENT—The property situated at No. 101 East Washington street and known as the "Earl Hotel." Enquire at 530 West Wayne street. 9-25

WANTED—Girl for general house work, small family. Good wages. Apply at once to Mrs. O. B. Seidridge, Jr., 939 West Market street.

LOST—On train of O. H. & D. between here and Toledo, a pocket book with L. A. W. card and Y. M. C. A. card, with name of owner. Please return to this office and receive reward.

LOST—Wednesday evening, June 31, on south Main street, between Vice and Spring streets, a 32 caliber, double-action, hammerless Smith & Weston revolver. Finder please return to this office and receive reward.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MME. DE LEMAR, Spiritual Medium, who has given such wonderful satisfaction in New York, Chicago, Detroit, Sandusky, Mansfield and many other places visited, has now arrived in our city and may be consulted ON ALL affairs in life. She is honest and truthful in all dealings. This may be verified by many prominent citizens. Your future she will read like an open book, can advise you on money matters and against losses. All in trouble call and be convinced of her power. To know the future is success. All communications confidential. Will be in this city for a short time only. She came here from Dayton, O., where she has been for the past three months and where she met with wonderful success.

Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Call at Hotel Fau. rot. rooms 15 and 16

the self contained young woman as unsympathetic, as exact and methodical as a machine, as dead to his personality as if he were a hatter or a graven image, the reaction makes him bitter and savage.

Considering everything, to the average man who, though sick, is not in a critical state, the trained nurse is quite as oppressive and unsatisfying as the red nosed, fat, old woman who preceded her and cheered him with accounts of the death of other persons who had been afflicted just as he is.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat*.

New Odors for Flowers.

It is a fad in Paris to perfume flowers artificially. Experiment has proved that it is possible not only to take away the natural odor of a flower, but also to make it yield a perfume derived from some other vegetable product. Some violets, for example, are perfect in form and coloring, but without fragrance, while others, very insignificant to look at, emit a delicious fragrance. The transfer of the odor from one species to the other has been accomplished. Those who have been most successful in this branch of horticulture refuse to tell their secret. It is said that the African marigold has been robbed of its disagreeable odor and endowed with a perfume that makes it much sought. The fad has been carried to the extreme of giving to the sunflower the odor of the rose and to the chrysanthemum that of the violet.—*New York Sun*.

Caught in the Act.

Sam (who had been caught reading a dime novel)—Unhand me, tyrant, or there may be blood shed.

Father—No, my son, there will be nothing more serious than wood shed. Come, that is where the strap hangs.

—*Princeton Tiger*.

The Lima Times-Democrat

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The Times-Democrat has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of the state and is read by every person in Allen county. The Lima Times-Democrat is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and is rapidly increasing its circulation over all competitors.

The Times-Democrat—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the Times-Democrat Company, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains six columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the county. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.
LIMA, OHIO.



STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

The Democratic party of Ohio is hereby notified to meet in convention, by its duly constituted delegates, chosen as hereinafter provided, at the city of Columbus, Ohio, on Tuesday and Wednesday, June 8th and 9th, 1897, for the purpose of electing in nomination suitable persons for the following offices:

- 1. Governor.
- 2. Lieutenant Governor.
- 3. Treasurer of state.
- 4. Judge of the supreme court.
- 5. Attorney general.
- 6. Commissioner of common schools.
- 7. Members of the board of public works.

Also to elect a delegate to the national convention of the Democratic party to be held at St. Louis, Mo., on the 12th, 13th and 14th of August, 1897.

This committee has agreed upon and prescribed the following rules for the selection of delegates to said convention, and other matters pertaining thereto:

- 1. The delegates from the respective counties shall be chosen by one of the following methods: (a) By a delegate convention; (b) By a popular vote at the primary; (c) By a mass convention called at some convenient place in the county; (d) By a caucus held at some convenient place in the county.

2. It is the duty of the respective county committees to determine the method, place and date of the selection of delegates, which shall be held on or before June 10th, 1897, and to report the same to the central committee of the state convention.

3. If any county committee fail or neglect to make a call for the selection of delegates as above, at least ten days prior to the last day upon which they may be chosen, it will be lawful for not less than ten registered voters of the county to call a mass convention to select delegates to the state convention.

4. The following persons, and none other, under such rules as may be prescribed by the respective county committees, are eligible to participate in the selection of such delegates: First, all who voted for William J. Bryan for president at the November election, 1896; second, all other persons who are not in accord with the position of the Democratic party, as set forth in the Democratic platform adopted in Chicago, July 9, 1896, and especially those who favor the "free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the act of congress of any other nation; and who, if called on, at the time offering to participate in the selection of delegates, publicly pledge themselves to support said platform, and to be true to the Democratic party, and we hereby invite all such to testify their devotion to the cause of the people by taking part in the selection of such delegates.

5. It is the duty of the chairman and secretaries of the respective county central committees to report the names and addresses of those who are eligible to participate in the selection of delegates, and to designate the officers thereof, to the chairman of the state executive committee at Columbus, as soon as they shall be chosen.

6. The convention will assemble at 2 p. m. on the second day, as above noted, for the temporary organization, and to hear the reports of the various committees preparatory to permanent organization.

7. Delegates are apportioned at the ratio of one delegate for each 2500 people, or fraction of 2500 or more, cast for William J. Bryan for President in 1896. The respective counties are entitled to the following number of delegates:

Adams	6	McCreary	9
Allen	13	Meigs	11
Ashtabula	8	Monroe	8
Ashland	7	Montgomery	8
Champaign	12	Morrow	10
Clermont	12	Muskingum	10
Columbiana	13	Putnam	11
Crawford	12	Richmond	12
Cuyahoga	12	Seneca	10
Darke	8	Shelby	12
Delaware	8	Stark	12
Erin	8	Summit	12
Fairfield	11	Tecumseh	14
Franklin	12	Todd	12
Gallia	8	Townsend	12
Geauga	8	Union	12
Greene	8	Van Wert	12
Guernsey	8	Warren	12
Hamilton	12	Washington	12
Hancock	12	Wayne	12
Hardin	12	Wyandot	12
Harrison	12	Total	367
Henry	12		
Hocking	12		
Hocking	12		
Hocking	12		
Hocking	12		

Butler	12	Ottawa	12
Cambridge	12	Perry	12
Clark	12	Pickaway	12
Chardon	12	Pike	12
Claire	12	Portage	12
Columbiana	13	Preble	12
Crawford	12	Putnam	12
Cuyahoga	12	Richmond	12
Darke	8	Seneca	10
Delaware	8	Shelby	12
Erin	8	Stark	12
Fairfield	11	Summit	12
Franklin	12	Tecumseh	14
Gallia	8	Todd	12
Geauga	8	Townsend	12
Greene	8	Union	12
Guernsey	8	Van Wert	12
Hamilton	12	Warren	12
Hancock	12	Washington	12
Hardin	12	Wayne	12
Harrison	12	Wyandot	12
Henry	12	Total	367
Hocking	12		
Hocking	12		
Hocking	12		
Hocking	12		

By order of Democratic State Central Committee.

W. W. DUNN, Chairman.

W. S. THOMAS, Secretary.

The Columbus, Sandusky & Hocking Valley railroad has been placed in the hands of a receiver. Another instance of the growth of the McKinley boom which is spreading over this country.

Toledo has had another attack of McKinley prosperity. The Yost bicycle factory has shut down, throwing about 300 men out of employment. This McKinley prosperity seems to have a double-back-action movement which places people in idleness and keeps them there.

The situation into which the present deplorable business condition has brought many of the railroad men who depend upon their labor for the sustenance of their families is thus expressed in the Toledo Bee:

Railroad officials, especially those who have charge of the yard affairs, are taking a serious view of the question of unemployed railroad men. Said a yardmaster yesterday: "You would be surprised to know how many men are applying for employment. The number runs into scores every week and seems to be increasing. Many of these men are old and reliable railroad hands and worthy of good positions, and I tell you it makes my heart ache when I see them turned away without the least hope of obtaining employment."

And the very unhappy fact is that what applies to the railroad fraternity is equally applicable to every other business in which men are employed. Hundreds and thousands of idle men are daily walking the streets seeking employment. Yet this is the "era of prosperity" that the McKinley administration has created.

DELAYED PROSPERITY.

Conditions as a Republican Campaign Orator Finds Them.

Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls has traveled extensively over the country during the last year and has had unusual opportunities to observe business conditions. When asked if he thought the times were improving, he replied:

"Since the election in November I have been in all parts of the country, from San Francisco to Boston, from Montreal to Atlanta, and it is the concurrent testimony that times have never been harder or money scarcer than now. Every branch of industry languishes. Rents, incomes, interest and profits have dwindled. Prices of land, farm products and general commodities have sunk lower and lower till in many localities the most valuable improved farms in rich regions are absolutely unsalable. Nature has been beneficent, harvest abundant; there has been the early and the later rain; the Mississippi valley is burdened with orbited corn; crop prospects were never better; skilled and crude labor is plenty; the equipment of machinery is unrivaled; we have all the conditions for good times, but they linger. Possibly they are coming, but they are not here. Many will not be able to wait much longer for their arrival. Multitudes have already fallen from affluence to need, and many other multitudes have sunk from comfort to penury and want of daily bread."

"The people are patient. They are rational. They don't expect miracles, but they are tired of adversity. They are not looking for the miraculous draft of fishes or the change of water into wine, but they want to see credit and business raised from the dead. They would like to have idle men who are willing to work earning wages. It does not console them to be told that there is surplus of money in banks to loan at small interest. They don't want to borrow money, but to sell corn. The man who mortgaged his farm five years ago for a fourth of its value would like to have it sell for enough at least to pay the debt. They will give the Republican party a fair chance, as they gave the Democrats four years ago. Should we fail to secure public patronage and restore prosperity they are likely to try some other experiment. Sometimes a sick man who has found no relief from the regular physicians buys a bottle of patent medicine or consults a faith doctor and gets well."

"Is international bimetallicism coming?"

"International bimetallicism is a notorious phrase, but when it is mentioned to the average citizen he stops talking and winks or smiles and asks about the prizefight, or Cuba, or the Greek war, or whether colored shirts and tan shoes are likely to be worn much this summer."

FROM BAD TO WORSE.

Increased Depression Under Republican Rule.

HARDER TIMES AND LOWER PRICES

People Discover the Mockery of Republican Pledges—No Sign of Returning Prosperity—What the Last Campaign Settled—A Golden Conspiracy.

The Washington Post and the New York Evening Post, two esteemed contemporaries edited by two of the most virile magnum and independent known to the business, are now engaged in a laborious controversy over a question as to what was settled by the recent election. The Washington Post, having remarked that the coinage issue was settled by the voters, its New York contemporary loudly inquires that if this is, indeed, the case, "what, in the name of all gods at once, are the pop-crats talking about and threatening to do at the next election?"

All must admit that this exclamation is charged with great scholarship and classical warmth. When an editor, even in New York, feels at liberty to call on all the gods at once, we feel in our bones that he has had lodgings on Mount Olympus in the boarding house where the gods dwell and had their washing done. It seems to us that the Washington Post fails to give the proper weight to this suggestion. Indeed, it makes no reference to the matter whatever, but proceeds in the most matter of fact way to remind its metropolitan contemporary that in a government of the people a popular issue is never absolutely settled beyond the possibility of a change; that in the last election the question of independent free coinage was disposed of for four years, but not settled.

It seems to us that even an editor who had associated with the gods on terms of equality would be able to understand how it is that the free coinage issue has not been settled.

The Democrats offered it to the people wholly and solely on the ground that it would restore prosperity. The Republicans, on the other hand, while they admitted that the gold standard was bad enough to call for a remedy, declared in favor of international bimetallicism, and likewise pledged themselves to restore prosperity by means of higher tariff taxation.

Thoughtful men know that, although the free coinage question and the tariff question figured as the issues between the parties, the real issue is prosperity, the restoration of business, trade and industry to their old level. The issues between the parties are merely means to an end. The restoration of prosperity is the real issue.

If the Republicans can bring about international bimetallicism and thus restore prosperity, there is an end to the independent free coinage contention. Or if they can restore prosperity by means of higher tariff taxes the free coinage, free trade and tariff arguments all fall to the ground. The people are willing to pay higher taxes as the price of prosperity. But when they pay the price they want the goods delivered. They will demand prosperity as the result of Republican tariff legislation.

The Washington Post warns its New York namesake that the gold standard organs are themselves making weighty contributions of aid and comfort to the free coinage cause; first, by sneering at the conference commission appointed by Mr. McKinley to promote international bimetallicism, and second, by advocating the retirement of the greenbacks.

But these things are mere matters of moonshine and have small weight with the great body of the people. The main, the overpowering argument against the Republicans and the policy which they are pursuing is the fact that prices are lower and times harder than they were when the people selected the Republican party as their instrument to restore prosperity. This fact, which is felt from one end of the republic to the other, and which bears heavily on every man, woman and child who is engaged in earning a living, is more important than all other issues put together.

In fact, it is the only issue before the people at this moment—the only question worth considering. Will the Republican party be able to restore prosperity by means of higher tariff taxation? If it is able to do so, well and good. That will be an end of the matter, and various questions that are now important will never be heard of again. But if they do not restore prosperity what is the alternative? Why, the very necessities and calamities that will come to the people during Mr. McKinley's administration will compel them to turn to the Democratic party for relief, and they will need no compelling. They will swarm to the polls in behalf of Democratic doctrines when they discover the mockery of the Republican pledges.

When that is demonstrated, neither of the two Posts will have any difficulty in discovering what is "settled." They will find that the Republican party is itself "settled."—Atlanta Constitution.

Political Opera Bouffe.

About as opera bouffe a proceeding as was ever witnessed in politics was the recent bluff made to pass a resolution to have the Massachusetts legislature investigate the trusts. A resolution requiring the same body to investigate the existence and causes of the cerebellum has that is an inseparable characteristic of the entire covering the abdominal region of the lineal descendants of the pilgrim fathers who have neglected to emigrate would have equally as hard a time getting adopted.—Exchange.

Mild In Comparison.

Compared with the demand for the triumphant trusts, Turkey's terms are modest.—Detroit Tribune.

BEARS THAT MIGRATED.

Instances of Their Gathering and Marching Away Together.

Manly Hurry writes to The Forest and Stream about bears that migrated: "The first notice of these migrations is to be found in a book by John Josselyn, entitled 'New England Rareties Discovered,' published in 1873. In this book he says that great companies of bears sometimes traveled across what is probably the Piscataqua river."

"About 70 years ago, early in September, my father one night witnessed a bear migration. The night was a dark one. The bears came to the east bank of the Penobscot river in the town of Orrington, about seven miles below Bangor. The bears could be heard calling and answering each other till low water, when they took to the water, swam across and landed on the Hampden side. In the morning it was found that a large number had crossed. My father saw their tracks across a single plank in a shipyard."

"Again, about 30 years ago, a friend of mine, Henry Clapp, who is quoted in Cassino's 'Standard Natural History' as an authority on bears, told me that during the fall he had gone on a trapping trip, but had found few bears, till one morning in November after a snowfall he found the tracks of nine different bears, all headed up one little valley. For several days after that more bear tracks were found, all headed in the same direction—from east to west. They denuded up when it came time to do so, and in the spring headed east again."

"It is believed among sportsmen that bears go back into the woods to den up and come to the vicinity of the clearings every spring, but extensive migrations by bears are as little heard of as those of wild turkeys and prairie chickens. What naturalists do not understand is how the animals, which usually scatter over miles of territory, know how, when or where to get together for their trips."

A CLEVER FORGER.

But He Overshot the Mark and Was Trapped by the Bank.

Not long ago there stood before the paying teller's window of one of New York's big banks an unctuous little man smiling blandly over a \$100 check. Signature, indorsement and every detail were correct. To make assurance doubly sure, the little man explained with some insistence, "You see, I have had my indorsement certified."

The check was paid without hesitation, but the teller said to himself, "Why is that idiot standing there with such a broad grin, trying to fix his face on my memory?" And duly he took note.

A few days later the man appeared at the window again, his countenance distended in the same smile, with another check from the same firm. The indorsement was certified in exactly the same way, and this time the amount was \$900. There was absolutely nothing wrong with the check on its face, and it came from a well known customer of the bank. "In spite of all," said the paying teller, "something told me that fellow was a crook. So I said I should have to look up the account before it could be paid, and while he waited I slipped around to the firm's office, which was only a short distance away."

"The check was examined and pronounced perfectly good, and I was about to walk away when the head of the firm said: 'Why, hold up. We've issued no checks this morning.' And then I went back and begged my crook. He had first sold the firm a bond and got his original \$100 check in payment. This he had used to imitate the firm's signature on the second and likewise to impress me with the fact that he was all right, so that when he came around a second time I would not bother him."—C. D. Lanier in Scribner's.

Why She Liked Hypnotism.

A young woman from Washington has discovered a practical use for hypnotism and declares that at last she sees its value. She was visiting a young artist, who, with her chaplain, observes all the properties, in a studio up town in New York city. The Washington young woman was called on by her physician, who happens to be skilled in the ways and wiles of hypnotism. The chaplain was eager, as many women seem to be, to be hypnotized when the conversation turned on that subject and the doctor's skill with the art.

The doctor was a trifle chary about showing his powers, but the two younger women begged him to gratify the elder woman's curiosity. The chaplain smiled to herself and bubbled with delight when the doctor finally consented to experiment on her. In 15 minutes it was the turn of the two girls to bubble with satisfaction. Under the doctor's persuasive power the chaplain was lost to the world and all but the M. D.'s power.

"At last!" exclaimed the Washington girl. "Here at last is a practical use for hypnotism. Anything that can put a chaplain to sleep is worth having about. Teach me, oh, doctor!"—New York World.

A Berlin Custom.

In Berlin there are iron posts or stanchions fixed on the curb at convenient distances, marked "halting place," for omnibuses or trams. At these places the passengers wait, and the drivers are not allowed to pull up at any other spot. When an omnibus approaches one of these posts, the conductor calls out, "Halting place!" and if a passenger wants to get out or if any passengers are waiting to get in the driver pulls up; if not, he passes on.

The following are said by a Swiss hunter to have been found near the nest of an eagle recently discovered in the Alps: A hare, 27 chamois' feet, 4 pigeons' feet, 30 pheasants' feet, 11 heads of fowl, 18 heads of grouse and the remains of a number of rabbits, marmots and squirrels.

AUGUST BARGAINS

IN JUNE!

THE COLUMBIA Always bears the reputation of offering its customers bargains when they want them.

THIS WEEK.

500 pairs Ladies' dark tan kid lace shoes, cloth tops, tan, patent leather trimmed, AA to E, worth \$4.00.

FOR \$3.00 PER PAIR.

350 pairs Ladies' \$3.00 green shoes, for \$2.25. Ask to see this bargain.

428 pairs Ladies' fine chocolate, tan kid, lace shoes, AA to E,

FOR \$2.00 PER PAIR.

100 pairs little Gents' shoes, black and tan, sizes 8 to 13 1/2, spring heels,

FOR 98 CENTS PER PAIR.

Men's Patent Leathers.

Black patent leathers, with green vesting top, tan patent leathers with tan vesting top, handsome dress shoes,

FOR \$3.00 PER PAIR.

Get Your Keys on the Money Boxes!

THE COLUMBIA.

The Leading Shoe House, Lima, Ohio.

Notice to Paving Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received by the City Clerk of Lima, Ohio, until 10 o'clock (noon) of Wednesday, July 1, 1897, and opened immediately thereafter, for the improvement of the following streets and avenues of the City of Lima, Ohio, viz:

- North Main street, from the Public Square to the main tracks of the P. & W. & O. Ry., by paving the same with a first-class quality of vitrified paving brick.
- West Market street, from the Public Square to the main tracks of the P. & W. & O. Ry., by paving the same with a first-class quality of vitrified paving brick.
- Harrison avenue, from Bellefontaine avenue to the first alley south of Linden street, by paving the same with a first-class quality of vitrified paving brick.

Each of said improvements shall include all necessary curbing, catch basins, drainage, etc., incident thereto, and shall be completed in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer and to the final acceptance of the city council.

Bids on each of the above named street improvements shall be considered separately by the council.

Bidders are requested to use the forms of proposal furnished by the City Civil Engineer.

No bid shall be considered unless accompanied by a certified check (payable to the City Clerk) in the following sum:

- Bids for North Main street improvement, \$1,000.
- Bids for West Market street improvement, \$5,000.
- Bids for Harrison avenue improvement, \$2,000.

All such deposits will be returned to the unsuccessful bidders within ten (10) days from the award of contract. If the successful bidder fails to execute a proper contract and furnish a bond acceptable to the City Council within ten (10) days from the time said contract shall have been awarded to him, the said certified check shall be forfeited to and retained by the said City of Lima, Ohio, as liquidated damages for such breach of contract, and otherwise the said deposit will be returned to him.

Samples of brick and asphalt to be used must be submitted with the bid in accordance with the specifications.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids, before or after opening the same, which may be accompanied by samples of brick which in the opinion of the engineer will not meet the requirements of the specifications, and to accept any proposal which may be deemed most proper.

Specifications, forms of proposal, and other information may be had on application to the city civil engineer, Lima, Ohio.

By order of council.
Lima, Ohio, May 27, 1897.
O. E. LYNN, City Clerk.

Suré.

"What did Noah live on when the flood subsided and his provisions in the ark were exhausted?" asked a Sunday school teacher of her class. "I know," squeaked a little girl after the others had given up. "Well, what?" inquired the teacher. "Dry land."—Chattanooga Times.

Considerate.

Mrs. Nawed—There is one thing I like about you, my dear—you don't throw your mother's biscuits in my face.

Mr. Nawed—No, darling; I don't want to spoil your beauty. Her biscuits were even worse than yours.—Brooklyn Life.

Just as Germany is the land of short night, so it is the land of snuffing. At the present time there are over 100,000 snuffing children in the national schools. The infirmity, indeed, is supposed to be contagious.

THE LAST GOLD WAVE!

—GET READY TO—

Store Your Heating Stoves.

We care for, clean, black and set them up at a very low price.

Finch Block, 333 S. Main St. New Phone 550.

E. STICKNEY, Prop.

FRANK MULLENHOUR.

General Repair Shop.

In basement of new Gazette building. If you want your bicycle repaired, re-named, or made over, he can do it for you. All kinds of machine work, model making, key fitting, engine repairing, etc. A full line of cycle sundries on hand, and any part of a bicycle duplicated or made to order.

Do You Want Employment?

At home or traveling with GOOD PAY! If so, write us for particulars, giving age and occupation. You can work all or part time, and the work is LIGHT AND EASY. Address,

The Hawks Nursery Co.

26-4 Rochester, N. Y.

MR. J. A. JACOBS

Has purchased the business of G. M. McCullough, of 208 East Market street, and has retained Mr. George Hutchinson, who has been in the employ of G. M. McCullough for seven years as general salesman, who will be glad to see his old friends at the old stand, 208 East Market street.

J. A. JACOBS, Prop.

NO. 54.

East Side Public Square. First-class Barb Shop. Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting done to order. Special room for ladies' hair dressing.

A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

Mr. G. A. Stillson, a merchant of

Tampica, Ill., writes, August 10th, 1891: "Foley's Kidney Cure is meeting with wonderful success. It has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I myself am able to testify to its merits. My face to-day is a living picture of health, and Foley's Kidney Cure has made it such. I had suffered twenty-seven years with the disease, and to-day I feel ten years younger than I did one year ago. I can obtain some wonderful certificates of its medical qualities." H. F. Vorkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

Nobody need have Rheumatism. Get Dr. H. F. Vorkamp's medicine. One dose is enough.

THE ADVERTISING FAKE

Again Visits This City and Finds Victims.

Business Men Pay for Advertising in a Newspaper Syndicate and Discover They Have Been Defrauded.

Another swindler has visited this city, succeeded in "working" several business men for advertisements which neither they nor any one else will ever see and has left the city, telling no one where he was going and leaving a board bill unpaid. What his name is or where his home is no one knows.

About two weeks ago a peculiar looking individual came into the city and introduced himself as "Rambler," and represented himself as being in the advertising business. His card bore the name "Rambler," and he said he represented a syndicate of the following papers: New York World, Philadelphia Press, Boston Globe, St. Louis Star, Chicago Tribune, Lafayette Sunday Herald, Hamilton Daily News, Sidney Gazette and Anguize County Democrat. He appeared to have more business than he was able to take care of. He did much writing, but whether it was mailed or saw a printing room is doubted.

There are always some business men who are readily susceptible to the arguments of the traveling advertising frauds and who think they are getting cheap advertising, when in reality they are paying for something that brings no return. "Rambler," after he had secured as much advertising as he possibly could, suddenly departed from the city. They will now advertise for the man who defrauded them.

One gentleman wrote to the editor of the Anguize County Democrat, making inquiry about him. The editor replied that he knew nothing of "Rambler" and that he was not their representative nor was he an agent for any syndicate of which the Anguize Democrat was a member. He also stated that some advertising from several Lima business concerns had been received but as it did not have with it the necessary money it found its way into the waste basket.

This information was sufficient to assure the ones who had given advertisements to the "Rambler" that they had been "buncoed" by a stranger who now, no doubt, is in other fields reaping a harvest of men who think they are getting good advertising at a very cheap rate.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

CHANGES ON THE ERIE.

An important change is to take effect on the Chicago & Erie railroad to-morrow.

All passenger trains are to run through from Chicago without changing engines in Huntington, as heretofore. Trains 5 and 8 will change engines at Marion, and all other passenger trains will run through to Galion, when east bound, or Chicago, when west bound, without a change of engines.

Sixteen engines will be taken away from Huntington by this change. They are the engines now used on trains 5, 8, 12, 1, 2, 13 and 14. All the engine crews will remain in Huntington and they will change here the same as now, thus avoiding any change whatever in the men. The general overhauling and heavy repairing of engines will continue to be done in the Huntington shops, but the running and light repairs will be done in Galion and Chicago. It is likely that two or three machinists will be transferred from Huntington to those places for that purpose.

NOTES

Brakeman Hamilton, of the L. E. & W., is laying off.

The Detroit & Lima Northern has an excursion advertised to Detroit next Sunday.

The Ohio Southern will run an excursion from points south of Springfield to Detroit Sunday.

Day call boy Roy Robinson, of the L. E. & W., has returned from a visit at his home in Tipton, Ind.

The Erie is making extensive improvements along its line. It has adopted the ninety pound standard rail on the line east of Marion, and has just purchased twenty very heavy locomotives to use on that division.

The O. H. & D. passenger engines now make the entire run from Toledo to Cincinnati, thus making about 404 miles each day. The engineers and firemen, however, have the same runs as they did when the engines were changed here.

Coroner Wilson has completed his report on the death of Nathan Myers, who was killed by an L. E. & W. train near Bluffton, Sunday. Thereport simply states that death was caused by being run over by a train on the L. E. & W. railway. Findlay Jefferson.

The general manager of the Pennsylvania denies the report that the company will adopt electricity generally as a motive power on its lines, either the third rail or trolley system. The company's trolley line from Mount Holly to Burlington continues its successful operation.

The Detroit & Lima Northern road has opened its new passenger depot at Wayne street, the first train pulling out from it this morning. The building is of stone, two stories in

height, and modern in every particular. It is the handsomest depot in the city.—Adrian Times.

Will Drover, formerly yard master here for the C. E., has gone to Hinton, W. Va., to accept a railroad position.

A line has been surveyed for the projected extension of the Findlay, Ft. Wayne & Western road to Kankakee, Ill., and the engineers are now surveying toward an eastern outlet. New Castle, Pa., is the prospective eastern terminus.

PLACE OF AMUSEMENT.

Frank McGinnis Will Open His Vaudeville Show Monday Evening at Hoyer's Park.

Next Monday Mr. McGinnis will open a vaudeville show in the auditorium at Hoyer's park, and from then on every night, except Sunday, of each week will be presented an interesting attraction. The building in which the entertainment will be given is a one story frame structure with sides so arranged that they can be quickly raised, thus giving excellent ventilation. The floor is of cement and inclines toward the orchestra pit. The building can comfortably seat one thousand six hundred people. The stage is large and an excellent view of it can be had from all parts of the building. Mr. McGinnis proposes to give to the people excellent attractions and states that he will engage only the best people and that nothing but the highest class vaudeville will be presented. Frey's Orchestra and the City Band has been engaged to furnish the music every night during the summer. Mr. McGinnis is an old Lima boy and a thorough theatrical man, and no doubt will give to the people of Lima such a place of entertainment as they have not heretofore had. It will certainly be hailed with delight by all of the citizens of the city. It will be a place where one can go and spend a pleasant evening, listen to good music, and see an excellent entertainment at a very little expense.

OHIO RACING CIRCUIT.

Lima Wanted Labor Day or None, and Failed to Get In.

A meeting was held at Columbus Saturday, May 19th, of club representatives of the state, to form an Ohio State Racing Circuit. An organization was effected, J. Milton Finch, of Dayton, being elected president, and H. J. Chancellor, of Dayton, secretary. A general discussion and exchange of views followed, with the result that the following circuit schedule was arranged:

Xenia, July 1st; Dayton, 3rd; Columbus, 5th and 6th; Springfield, 8th; Cincinnati, 10th; Portsmouth, 12th; Gallipolis, 14th; Marietta, 16th; Zanesville, 18th; Canal Dover, 21st; Massillon, 23rd; Elvira, 26th; Lisbon, 28th; Youngstown, 30th; Niles, August 2d; Salm, 4th; Wooster, 6th; Mansfield, 8th; Fostoria, 12th; Marion, 14th.

The Lima Cycling Club made application for admission to the state circuit but would accept no date except Labor Day. The circuit closes August 14, and consequently Lima did not get in.

WILL SOON BE A MAN.

Ora Cavins Celebrates the 20th Anniversary of His Birthday.

Last evening a merry crowd of young folks gathered at the home of Mr. Ora Cavins, on south Main street, to assist in celebrating his twentieth birthday anniversary. Games and music were the features of the evening, and a delightful supper was served at 11 o'clock, and after a few more games all returned to their respective homes.

Those present were: Misses Anna Fetterly, Della McElvaine, Josie Eshman, Nora Atmur, Goldie Kramer, Nevada Sellers, Lissie James, May Mowery, Cleo Cavins, Messrs. Ira Newell, Harry McBarrow, John Noyal, Frank Boston, Albert Palster, Mike Keller, Stanley Montgomery, James Tyler, John Watts, Emmitt McElvaine and Ora Cavins.

A STREET FAIR.

One May be Held in Lima During the Month of July.

A movement has been started by some prominent and enterprising people in this city toward getting up a street fair to be held in Lima for four or five days during the month of July. The prospective location of the fair is from Wayne to Springfield on Main, including the public square for agricultural exhibits.

Street fairs have been held in most of the smaller cities and towns in northwestern Ohio and have been declared a decided success. Everything is free so far as sight seeing is concerned, and the attendance from far and near is always large.

The projectors of the scheme will visit the merchants in the near future to ascertain whether or not they favor the plan.

Masonic Notice.

There will be a regular meeting of Lima Chapter No. 49, R. A. M., this evening. Work in P. M. degree.

THOS. CANNILL, H. P.

W. LANDIS, Sec'y.

Band concert at Hoyer park to-night.

A Yenge-fut Transaction.

He looked apprehensively up and down the street as he and his wife emerged from the restaurant. His steps were rapid, and it was not until after the corner had been turned that he said: "Marin, I don't want to go through life with a secret in my bosom. Rather than that, I will risk forfeiting your esteem."

"What is the matter? Have you been robbing anybody?" "Don't talk about it in this way. There were mitigating circumstances. You remember the counterfeit 50 cent piece that I got last fall?"

"Yes. It's the only money you ever succeeded in saving."

"It's gone with the rest. I gave it to the cashier in the restaurant."

"By accident?"

"No. I did it in cold blood. I have been thinking about doing it for a long time. Ordinarily I am not vindictive, but I got to brooding over the matter till I yielded to temptation."

"How did your conscience permit you to do such a thing?"

"That's the worst of it. Every time I think about it it seems to make my conscience feel better. We have been patronizing that restaurant on occasions for a year at least."

"Yes."

"The proprietor has given us veal in the chicken salad, codfish in the deviled crabs, chicory in the coffee and water in the cream."

"There has been reason for suspicion."

"We have had evidence that would convince any jury. After I had given him a 50 cent piece with some lead in it I tried to be ashamed of myself, but I couldn't. It may have been contrary to the statutes of the United States, but it was poetic justice."—Washington Star.

An Ingenious Idea.

There is a certain genius in one of our western towns who will doubtless never lose any of his worldly possessions if it depends on his wit to retain them. His entry into the town and a subsequent method he employed to secure redress from a grocer who had outrageously imposed upon him by selling him a lot of sugar mixed with lime sufficiently testify to his ability in such matters. The impurity of the sugar was hardly perceptible at first, but when put into use it quickly showed its inferiority. The next day an advertisement appeared in the town paper that read somewhat as follows:

"Should the grocer who for his profits judiciously mixed a pound of lime with a few pounds of sugar and lately sold it to a customer not send to that person at once the pound of sugar he cheated him of, his name shall be disclosed to the newspapers." To which advertisement he affixed his name and address.

The morning had hardly passed before a pound of sugar arrived, followed in quick succession by seven more, all from different sources, which plainly showed a distressing want of honesty among the grocers of the town.

It is not related whether the coffee, tea and various other articles were examined by the genius in hopes of a similar condition and a like reward, but the presumption is that no time was lost in ascertaining if such a possibility actually existed.—Harper's Round Table.

When a Man Is Fifty.

"A man's advancing age tells on him in no other way more unmistakably than in his habits of rising in the morning," remarked Colonel Peter Toliver of Philadelphia to a St. Louis Republic reporter.

"I wake up every morning with the sun 'tine was when I used to regard it as a hardship to be wakened before 8 o'clock. That was when I was young. When I reached 50, I began to wake with the sun, and no matter how late I sat up the night before I found myself tired of sleeping beyond the hour of the sun's rising. Many men about 50 you meet now will tell you that they find themselves sleeping less than formerly and are unable to account for it. Whenever one of them complains to me I know what his age is, no matter how young he may look. There is something in us that responds to a reawakened nature when we reach the half century post in our journey through life, and all the drugs in the pharmacopoeia will not arrest the tendency to sleep no more after daylight comes. In the future, when a friend complains to you of his inability to 'come after' 'glorious slumber' and 'light creep in,' just tell him that he will and that he has lived up to his years, and the sign of advancing age."

Order of the Garter.

The Order of the Garter was instituted by Edward III. The number of persons was for long strictly limited to 25, besides the sovereign. Other statutes have since been made extending the number by admitting foreign potentates and members of the royal family in addition to the 25.

The Nature of the Creature.

"Water, it is almost half an hour since I ordered that turtle soup."

Waiter—Sorry, sir, but you know how slow turtles are.—Tit-Bits.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The disease itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Fry Dr. Cad's Condition Powders, they treat what a horse needs when in bad condition. 1-1000 blood purifier and vermifuge.

For Greased Ducks.

And Chickens, spring lamb and home-baked ham, go to Townsend's market.

CHEAP TELEGRAPHING.

How a Barbed Wire Fence Was Successfully Transmitted Into Service.

Considerable interest was aroused not long ago by the experiment of three young men in Wilmington, Mass., who made up their minds to become telegraph operators. They were: George Frost, a farmer's son, who lives about a mile north of Wilmington Junction; Elmer Batcheller, station agent at the junction, and Willard Lowe, son of a foreman on the Boston and Maine railroad. Their first ambition was to be able to click out words and sentences on an instrument, and having learned to do that they were determined to have an outdoor telegraph line of their own.

Many persons learnt to make and understand the dots and dashes used in telegraphing, but perhaps not 1 in 100 knows what it means to equip and care for a line over a mile long. It is commonly supposed that an outdoor line is expensive, and that its construction and management require a degree of skill not possessed by the average telegrapher. The scheme of the three young men, who made a line over a mile long out of a barbed wire fence, shows how cheaply, easily and satisfactorily communication by telegraph may be effected for a comparatively short distance. How that scheme was carried out, the line insulated, provided with batteries, three sets of instruments, and put in complete working order for about \$10, was explained to a reporter.

"A barbed wire fence," said Mr. Batcheller, "may be an odd substitute for a telegraph line, but it is far from being a poor one. Our plan worked perfectly, and the fence wires that were used, couldn't have given better service if they had been of the best copper and strung 30 feet above the ground. The fence was used for the sake of convenience and economy. There were three offices on the line, two being over a mile apart, and to have stretched a wire between those points would have cost \$75 or \$100. Before using the fence we had to overcome one serious difficulty, that of insulation. Unless the wires were well insulated at the points where they touched the posts the electricity would be likely to escape, and in a rain storm the circuit would be completely destroyed. Putting glass insulators on the posts would be a tedious job, and so would tacking on pieces of rubber or any other nonconductor. 'Paint is a good insulator. Why not use that?' we thought. So with a brush and pot of thick paint we tried the experiment, applying a good coat where the wire was fastened to the posts.

"Batteries were next required. Twelve glass battery jars, the number needed, would cost more than we could pay, and we gave up the idea of buying them. Paint had already been useful to us, and there were plenty of paint pots to be had. We wondered if they wouldn't do in stead of glass jars. A dozen were selected. Then it remained to supply the pots with zincs, coppers and blue vitriol. Railroad companies frequently renew the batteries on their line, and there were enough secondhand zincs and coppers at hand to meet our wants. The blue vitriol we bought. For instruments we procured three so-called learners' outfits. One set was cheap, costing us only \$1.50. The magnets on that instrument were not suitable for use on an outdoor circuit and had to be rewound with finer wire. But the rewinding was an easy matter, and when the instrument was ready for use it had cost us less than \$2. Each of the other sets cost \$3. The amount of covered wire necessary for making the indoor connections was not great, and we got that for less than \$1.

"Before pronouncing the line complete we carefully inspected the fence wires to see if all the splices were well made. Wherever there was a bad connection we cut and respliced the wire. When everything that we thought necessary was done, the unique battery jars were filled with water, and the instrument at each of the offices responded with promptness and satisfaction. The line gave us absolutely no trouble, even during heavy rainstorms, and was the means of making three good operators. Our use of the fence in no way interfered with its original purpose, and it is doubtful if the Western Union Telegraph company ever suspected that it had a competitor who transacted his business over a barbed wire fence.—New York Sun.

A Country of Chess.

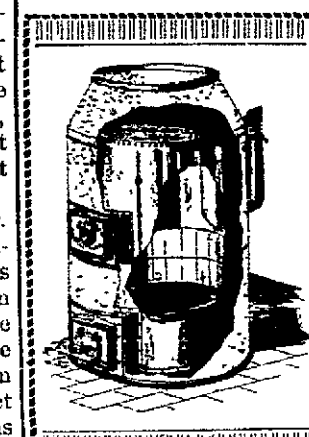
One can scarcely take up a German paper or magazine which does not have its special column or corner devoted to chess and its interests. The children are set to work on simple chess puzzles in their papers, while the magazines for older readers present problems which seem almost hopeless of solution to an inexperienced player. There are chess clubs, chessrooms, chess-books and chess players without number.

Our Object . . .

- In giving away valuable presents is simply this:
- We want to increase our business. We want
- YOUR TRADE and will make it an object for
- you to deal with us. We will not only give you
- the best goods at lowest living prices, but will,
- in addition to this, give you a valuable premi-
- um. Please bear in mind that we make no ad-
- vance in the price of our goods on account of
- this offer, but hope by increasing our trade to
- be able to sell on a closer margin than ever be-
- fore. We respectfully solicit your patronage
- and will be pleased to have you call at our store
- and examine the premiums which we are giving
- away, at

THE WAUGH SHOE STORE.

31 PUBLIC SQUARE.



The Reliable Steel Plate Furnace!

The Modern House Warmer.

Write for catalogue and estimate on complete job to the manufacturer,

GEO. AUER, DELPHOS, O.

THE TRAINED NURSE.

A Protest Against Her Superhuman Self Poise in the Sickroom.

A medical writer who asserts that in 20 years there will be no physicians, but only surgeons and nurses, maintains that the only advance that has been made in the practice of medicine in this century is the institution of the trained nurse. This is hard on the general practitioners, especially when it is considered that they did not voluntarily, but quite reluctantly, open the sickroom to the trained nurse, who is the discovery or invention of benevolent women with a mania for collecting funds and a passion for patronizing semipublic schools.

Even as to the trained nurse there are two points of view. In cases of severe and critical sickness and in households where there is no orderliness and no rational self restraint, the awful presence of this young woman is obviously necessary if the patient is to have a chance for his life. In other cases the patient, if a man, has a fierce desire to throw pillows or slippers at her head, to swear shockingly or do something to disturb her disciplined and unnatural equanimity. Her fixed, eternal smile of simulated sweetness and patience is maddening. She has a quiet but pitiless air of absolute wisdom and superhuman self poise.

The precision with which her hair is brushed under her aggressively neat cap, her noiseless, ghostlike glide, her businesslike and automatic administration of drops and powders without the human possibility of a fatal mistake, and, above all, her set and practiced look of celestial goodness, are enough to irritate the most patient of sick men. The man is restrained by her painfully ladylike manners from swearing and throwing things, and the restraint is bad for his nerves.

She mars all the pleasures of sickness. The liberty to swear without being reproached which is accorded to a man by the members of his own family, the privilege of whining until the wife or sister or other related woman is moved to a display of sympathy, the liberty to plead for delay when the bitter dose is due, to work up a senseless grievance, distress everybody about the promises, find fault with the cooking and conduct himself generally like a spoiled child, these are the usual compensations of the sick man. All are impracticable and barred when a positive, unsympathetic trained nurse is in charge, and the women of the household gladly surrender all responsibility into her hands and can be heard chatting cheerfully with callers down stairs. The sick man is disappointed too. At the first grateful suggestion of the trained nurse he has visions of a lovely young creature, whose feelings will be touched by his appearance of suffering, who will smooth his pillow with a soft and tender hand, which she will subsequently place on his manly, fevered brow, and that sort of sentimental thing. Aboiled men are more sentimental than schoolgirls, even a bank president after business hours. When the expectant patient finds

WANTED.

WANTED—A girl, at 714 west Spring St. Mrs. O. BEATTIE.

WANTED—Girl, at once, at Bower's Dining Hall.

WANTED—Situation as nurse or general housework. Can give best of references. 531

FOR RENT—The property situated at No. 142 east Wayne street and known as the "Earl Hotel." Enquire at 530 west Wayne street. 9-21

WANTED—Girl for general housework, small family. Good wages. Apply at once to Mrs. O. B. Seitzinger, Jr., 839 west Market street.

LOST—On train of O. H. & D. between here and Toledo, a pocket book with L. A. W. card and Y. M. C. A. card, with name of owner. Please return to this office and receive reward.

LOST—Wednesday evening, June 21, on south Main street, between Vine and Spring streets, a .22 caliber, double-action, hammerless Smith & Wesson revolver. Finder please return to this office and receive reward. 11

CLAIRVOYANT.

MME. DE LEMAR, Spiritual Medium, who has given such wonderful satisfaction in New York, Chicago, Detroit, Sandusky, Mansfield and many other places visited, has now arrived in our city and may be consulted ON ALL affairs in life. She is honest and truthful in all dealings. This may be verified by many prominent citizens. Your future she will read like an open book; can advise you on money matters and against losses. All in trouble call and be convinced of her power. To know the future is success. All communications confidential. Will be in this city for a short time only. She came here from Canton, Ohio, where she has been for the past three months and where she met with wonderful success. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Call at Hotel Fair, room 15 and 16.

the self contained young woman as unsympathetic, as exact and methodical as a machine, as dead to his personality as if he were a batrack or a graven image, the reaction makes him bitter and savage.

Considering everything, to the average man who, though sick, is not in a critical state, the trained nurse is quite as oppressive and unsatisfying as the red nosed, fat, old woman who preceded her and cheered him with accounts of the death of other persons who had been afflicted just as he is.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

New Odors for Flowers.

It is a fad in Paris to perfume flowers artificially. Experiment has proved that it is possible not only to take away the natural odor of a flower, but also to make it yield a perfume derived from some other vegetable product. Some violets, for example, are perfect in form and coloring, but without fragrance, while others, very insignificant to look at, emit a delicious fragrance. The transfer of the odor from one species to the other has been accomplished. Those who have been most successful in this branch of horticulture refuse to tell their secret. It is said that the African marigold has been robbed of its disagreeable odor and endowed with a perfume that makes it much sought. The lily has been carried to the extreme of giving to the sunflower the odor of the rose and to the chrysanthemum that of the violet.—New York Sun.

Caught in the Act.

Son (who had been caught reading a cheap novel)—Unhand me, tyrant, or there may be blood shed.

Father—No, my son, there will be nothing more serious than wood shed. Come, that is where the strap hangs.—Princeton Tiger.

ONLY
10c
A
WEEK,
The ...
Daily
Times-
Democrat.
The
Largest,
Newsiest
and
Leading
Paper
of
Lima.

SELECTIONS

SOME GASTRONOMIC HINTS.

A Call For Cayenne Pepper.—Soaking Cucumbers In Salted Water.

"It is at this season," said the careful caterer, "that one misses most the red pepper which until four years ago was to be found in every New York restaurant and hotel. Then, alas, it was expelled in favor of a Hungarian condiment which, good as it is in many particulars, is certainly not the same as red pepper. Yet it glows triumphantly now on nearly every restaurant table. The vanquished friend is always missed, and the absence of the cayenne is especially lamentable at this time of the year. The young cabbage, that might otherwise remain a source of distress, was rendered easily digestible by the old red pepper. The same was true of cucumbers and the other spring vegetables which, with enough red pepper, were available to persons who otherwise dared not risk eating them. The recent substitute has not the same powers. It may be delicious in certain sauces and dressings, but of the cayenne's powers to aid digestion it possesses no part.

"I read in a newspaper the other day an earnest protest against the so called barbarity of allowing cucumbers to remain in salt and water before they were eaten. I have eaten cucumbers under a great many circumstances, and I think I regret ever having done so unless the vegetable had undergone just such a process as this writer condemned. Now, there is a way in which cucumbers can be prepared so that they will do no harm even to a person who is least capable of digesting them readily. If they are to be eaten in the evening, they ought to be cut very thin—as thin as a knife blade—by noon at the latest, and put into a bowl of water that is strongly salted. Then the bowl should be kept in a cool place, preferably a refrigerator. It is a mistake to put ice into the bowl. Then the cucumbers by the time they are to be eaten will be nearly free from every indigestible element. There is no commensurate loss of flavor, and only the taste of rawness and crudeness will be found lacking. Instead of wilting under such a process the cucumbers will be found crisp and fresh. They are always prepared in this way in the south. It is when they are in this condition that they are most improved by red pepper. The small cubes into which cucumbers are sometimes cut raw are, of course, much more in need of this treatment than the sliced cucumbers, which, even when they are cut thick, are never as large as the cubes.

"Another vegetable salad which is nearly unknown in this country should be first prepared in this same way. It is made of radishes, which should be cut into slices and then allowed to soak for awhile in salted water. Just before dinner they should be dressed with a sauce of vinegar and oil, to which a little onion, the green spring onion, ought to be added. The radishes should be cut very thin. As a salad to be served with fish in the place of cucumbers the radishes are delicious if they are properly prepared. They ought to be cold. If the onion is not used, a chopped up green pepper will be found a substitute of zest and flavor. Green peppers are delicious in any salad, and when served with lettuce, romaine, tomato or escarole they are best cut in long strips about the thickness of a match. But to chop them fine is the best way of using them with a small salad like the radishes. Only a little is needed.

"It is a national objection, or it may be common to the Anglo-Saxon race, but it is all the same regrettable, that the odor of garlic and onion is intolerable to the average American. It deprives us of a vegetable that may often be delicately used and produce a delicious flavor. But it is only necessary to mention the word 'onion' and that settles it. There is one way, however, of preparing green peas which is so unique that the national objection to the onion ought to be put aside for its sake. The French are the only people that cook the young peas in this way, but there is no reason in the world why they should retain exclusive possession of this along with some of the other recipes which they alone use. They boil the very young green peas in a head of lettuce. With the peas are placed several very small onions. The onions must be very young and very small. The lettuce is used only for the flavor and should not be served unless as a mere background for the peas. Served with cream and melted butter made into a sauce they are good enough to dissipate the national prejudice against the onion."—New York Sun.

The New Onion Culture.

The Connecticut experiment station thus sums up the advantages of the transplanting method of growing onions: This method insures a clean crop, even upon smutty land. Transplanted onions are less liable to the attacks of outworms than onions sown in the field. The crop matures earlier by three or four weeks. The crop is larger by an average of 60 per cent or more with native varieties, and the average increase with large foreign varieties may exceed 100 per cent. The individual bulbs are larger and mature more evenly.

The increase in the size and quality of the crop, the earlier ripening, and the lessened expense incident to the care of the plants after transplanting offset in a measure the cost and labor of raising and transplanting the seedlings. This method may be applied with certain profit wherever it has been the custom to grow onions from sets upon smutty land or in small quantities for home use or small sales.

HOOD'S PILLS

CURES
COLIC—CRAMPS—DIA-
RRHOEA—FLOID—CHOL-
ERA—MORUS—NAUSEA—
A CHARGE OF WATER
ETC.

HEALS
CUTS—BURNS—BOILS—
SCALDS—BITES OF
ANIMALS—SERPENTS
BUGS—ETC.

BREAKS UP
BAD COLDS—LA-
GRIPPE—INFLU-
ENZA—CROUP—SORE
THROAT—ETC.

GUARANTEED

She Fell Up With a Mind Reader.

She stood at the window of the Illinois general ticket office and compared her time with that of the depot clock. "You're too fast," she said to the ticket agent. "According to that clock my train would be gone ten minutes."

"Which is your train?" asked the man.
"The 10:15."
"Yes, it's gone. It is now 10:25."
"You mean that your time is 10:25. Now, my watch never was wrong since I owned it, and it is just 10:15. I've lost a minute looking for the train. It's too bad that things should be run in that way."

"We're on all trains on schedule time," said the ticket agent.

"I should think there would be collisions and all sorts of happenings with such time as that. You might set your clock by my watch if you like and start your next train on the right time."

The man smiled good naturedly and then, as a sudden thought struck him, asked:

"Is your watch going?"

"Sir! You don't think I carry a dumb watch, do you?"

"Sometimes ladies' watches run down."

She put the watch to her ear and looked very grave. Then she tried the other ear.

"I believe my cold has made me deaf. But you can hear for yourself."

He listened and shook his head, then he handed it back to her.

"It's as dead as a doornail. You must have forgotten to wind it last night."

"You must be a mind reader," said the woman, holding the delinquent timepiece to her ear as if the charge against it had not been fully proved. "I took that watch off to wind it last night when the fire engines went past our house, and I forgot all about it. I shouldn't wonder if your time is right after all." And she walked cheerfully away, while the ticket man said to a waiting customer that life would be a dull, dreary Sahara of commerce if such little diversions didn't happen frequently. —Chicago Tribune.

The Red Mark.

Listen to this thrilling anecdote of King Theebaw's household arrangements:

King Theebaw's palace at Mandalay has been turned into an "up to date" club. The audience chamber, with the golden throne in it, has been partitioned out for lady members. All the walls are gold leafed, and golden pillars support the roof. Yet near the door is such a weird mark of former days that I think most of us would prefer the less magnificent surroundings of our own clubs without envy. It is the red mark of a murdered woman's hand.

Once the king, in the days of his prime, took a fancy to a beautiful young Mongolian and insisted on bringing her as an attendant to his court. His wife grew madly jealous, and with the fierce temper of her race stabbed the unfortunate girl in the audience chamber before the assembled court. As she fell her hand, covered with blood, clutched the wall, and for some reason or other no one has obliterated the mark. —New York Commercial.

Life Seemed a Burden.

"I was very nervous and could not sleep at night. I had no appetite and felt that life was almost a burden. I was not benefited by the prescriptions tried and began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have taken four bottles and am now as well as I ever was in my life." Miss CORA B. CRUM, Elk, Ohio.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

The Queerest of All.

We have a funny servant girl. She keeps us going in a whirl. She's cooking breakfast while we sup. And makes our beds before we're up. —Harper's Bazar.

CASTORIA.

The signature of J. C. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

When You Take Your Vacation the most necessary article to have with you (after your pocketbook) is a bottle of Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure. It is an absolute prevention or cure of all derangements of the bowels caused by a change of water. You are likely to need it. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

The New Current Pump.

Agricultural and mining men are interested in a mechanical device known as the "current pump," which has been invented and successfully operated in Montana. This device is the invention of Louis E. Miller of Montana and has been designed to supply water along streams whose banks rise so abruptly and to such heights as to render impracticable all efforts hitherto made to use the water for irrigation or for placer mining. It is simple and compact and can be easily carried from place to place. It requires no preparatory construction work in the way of anchorage, and it needs no power to operate it other than the force of the current of the river in which it is placed. Placed in a stream of water and depending alone upon the current of the stream for power, it will pump 1,000 gallons of water an hour in a five mile current—the quantity of water increasing as the current increases—and will raise this amount of water to an elevation varying from 75 to 100 feet, in proportion to the rapidity of the current.

It is asserted by those familiar with the lands in Montana, Idaho and other northwestern states lying along such rivers as the Missouri, Snake and Columbia, that they are almost without exception rich in placer gold and would yield immense profits could they be worked at a moderate expense. Owing to the nature of the banks, however, it has been impossible to work these lands without involving such enormous expenditures in the construction of ditches, flumes and reservoirs as to absorb all the profits resulting from mining. The same truth holds in regard to irrigation. Now, with this simple but effective device, it is asserted that placer grounds may be operated and fertile agricultural lands cultivated at a minimum expense. —Chicago Record.

She Married and Then Rode Away.

A young man, the accepted lover of a buxom maiden, after securing the necessary papers, was united in marriage last Sunday to his adored. The ceremony over, the bride of 16 locked herself up in her bedroom. The groom could not fathom this proceeding and made strenuous efforts to get at the cause of the trouble through the key-hole of the door, but to no avail. Next morning the wife applied to her spouse for the use of his cause, and also asked for a little money. Both requests were granted by the loving husband, and he has not seen his wife since.

The story is current that this fair maiden has an unkind father whose treatment of her became unbearable, and to get beyond his jurisdiction she planned the marriage. The father gave her away on the marriage day, thereby relinquishing all control over her future actions, and as soon as the wedding was over the fair maiden, not caring a straw for her husband, left for parts unknown. It is stated that the young wife rode to North Yakima on horseback, fording swollen streams and overcoming all obstacles on the way. When it is considered that the distance is over 100 miles and the Columbia had to be crossed, the bravery of the maiden will be fully appreciated. The mother of the girl is said to reside in North Yakima and will shelter her daughter. —Walla Walla Statesman.

Chicago's Grand Boulevard.

Chicago, which never lacks something to brag of, will presently have a considerable basis for self congratulation in the magnificent boulevard along the shore of Lake Michigan which is to connect it with Milwaukee. This beautiful road will be 80 miles long and promises to be the most notable stretch of roadway along a water front in the country. Eighty miles is over long for a drive, but it is just a comfortable morning stretch for a contemporary bicyclist. New York's Riverside drive will seem microscopic compared with this Chicago road, though it will be long enough for most practical purposes, and almost unmatched in beauty. —Harper's Weekly.

New Zealand Streets.

Richard John Seddon, the premier of New Zealand, who arrived in Chicago the other day, on his way to England, said to a reporter in that city: "You are ahead of New Zealand in the matter of railroad travel perhaps. We do not have your sleeping car arrangements, but otherwise our coaches are on the American instead of the English plan. We are far ahead of you in the matter of roads and streets. We wouldn't tolerate such rough pavements as you have for your business streets. Our streets are paved with tarred plank on a foundation of concrete, the whole being surfaced with asphalt."

A Multikeel Vessel.

One of the recent marine inventions is a multikeel vessel, a form of ship with a flat bottom, provided with five or seven keels. The inventor claims greater carrying capacity and increased floating power, with higher speed, than any other form of ship. The bow and stern are spoon shaped, the vessel has two stemposts and two rudders, linked together so as to move simultaneously, and two propellers. It is also claimed for this model that it can be turned in its own length and will in smooth water steer equally as well whether running ahead or astern. —New York Tribune.

State Physicians.

Australia, which has led in many socialistic experiments made by the state, is now considering the question of state physic. The president of the Queensland Medical association proposes that the country be divided into medical districts, under doctors paid by the state to look after all the inhabitants, and that the money for the purpose be raised by a poll tax of \$3 a year. This would enable the state to pay \$1,500 for the lowest medical salaries. A New South Wales labor league has declared that "the practice of medicine should be a national service."



Grin and bear it.

That's what you'll have to do, if your housework tires you out and you won't take away the hardest part of it with Pearlina. That's what women have had to do for lo, these thousands of years. Pearlina has done, and is doing, more to lighten and brighten woman's work than any other one thing. It saves her time, her money, her health and strength, in hundreds of ways. Do every bit of your washing and cleaning with Pearlina.

Millions NOW USE Pearlina

BURNS AND HIS MARY.

He sang of friendship and duty
And manhood all creeds above.
Of the dear, green earth in her beauty
And the dewy glory of love.
But the sweetest, tenderest chord he gave
Was the requiem poured o'er his lost love's grave.

Then life was but futile longing
And earth but a beautiful tomb.
But songs through the silence were
Thrilling.
And glory dwelt in the gloom.
And sorrow, the harper skilled and strong,
From the breaking heart drew its sweetest song.

When thy grief had heavenward striven
In melody trembling to prayer,
Did thy Mary remember in heaven
Her love by the brags of Ayr?
We know not, but earth that heard thee sing
Must cherish thy song to her latest spring.

Deep heart, so lavish in loving!
Oh, wayward and broken heart!
As safe from our shallow reproving
As dust to our praise thou art.
Yet thy song shall thrill us while love
Shall last
And thy sorrow move us till death be past
—Margie Clark in New York Sun.

The Candle Thief.

An odd experience befell Mr. Hunter during his return from a hunting trip to the settlement last fall. One evening he left a candle burning on the table in the Forty-nine Mile camp while he went out to the hotel to look after his horses. To his surprise when he returned to the camp the candle was not only extinguished but could nowhere be found. Mr. Hunter is not entirely free from the influence of those wild, weird legends peculiar to the backwoods of the Miramichi, especially those that relate to a fabulous monster known as "the Dugargon Hooper." He lit another candle, however, and again went out to attend to his team. When he came back to the camp he found that the second candle had vanished as mysteriously as the first. This was a severe blow to Mr. Hunter's peace of mind, but he pulled himself together and examined the camp thoroughly to see if some practical joker was not concealed about the premises. Finding no trace of anything in human form, he placed his third and last candle on the table, stood his ar within easy reach and awaited developments. In a few minutes a flying squirrel hopped in the door, boldly mounted the table and knocked over the candle, thus extinguishing the flame. He started for the door with his booty, when Mr. Hunter took a hand in it and put the little rascal to flight. —Fredericton (N. B.) Cor. Forest and Stream.

A Plain Statement.

When the liver becomes torpid and secretes an irregular flow of unhealthy bile, then headache, vertigo, biliousness and constipation prevail. These ailments can be cured forthwith by Dr. John W. Bull's Pills, as is certified to by Mrs. Almira B. Suydam, Hazlet, N. J., who praises them as follows: "I have used Dr. Bull's Pills and found them a very good pill for biliousness and for gently moving the bowels. Also Mrs. Anderson of Keyport, N. J., says Dr. Bull's Pills are good; she took them for a severe sick headache and was cured." Dr. John W. Bull's Pills (sixty in a box) cost but 25 cents; trial box, 10 cents, at all dealers, or by mail, A. C. Meyer & Co., Balto., Md. Ask for the genuine Dr. John W. Bull's Pills.

Not in It Himself.

"My every thought is of her."
"Then you must be entirely out of your head." —Detroit Journal

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Have You
Kidney Trouble,
Have You
Bladder Trouble,
Have You
Bright's Disease,
Have You
Diabetes?

TAKE

"SAN-JAK"

IT IS THE GREATEST KIDNEY, NERVE, BLOOD AND CATARRH REMEDY ON EARTH. IT CURES BACKACHE IN 24 HOURS AND A WEAK BACK READILY AND PERMANENTLY. ONE DOSE AT NIGHT GIVES REST AND AVOIDS NIGHT HORRORS AND DREAMS.

Read from a reliable physician:

DR. E. S. BURNHAM:
DEAR DOCTOR:—I beg by this note to return to you my sincere thanks and grateful acknowledgment for the various benefits of SAN JAK, which you were kind and generous enough to send me during my late illness, of inflammation of the bladder. SAN JAK possesses wonderful properties, its soothing effect upon inflamed mucous surfaces, is indeed remarkable, it won my confidence after a few doses, and deepened my faith and strengthened my opinion of its transcendent merit.

I found relief from the keen and inexpressible anguish caused by the tenacious cystic, the most painful and disagreeable feature of bladder troubles. Your SAN JAK should be in every drug store in this country, and its wonderful properties and curative powers should be known to every physician in this grand republic. Another feature in SAN JAK is the agreeable and pleasant taste, very much like Angelica wine. When one suffers for weeks and swallows infusions and fluid extracts hourly which are nauseous, repulsive and abominable to take, he can turn with joy, gratitude, and smiling welcome to SAN JAK as a messenger of relief, and a pleasant elixir to have within call.

Respectfully,

ANDREW J. PARK, M. D.

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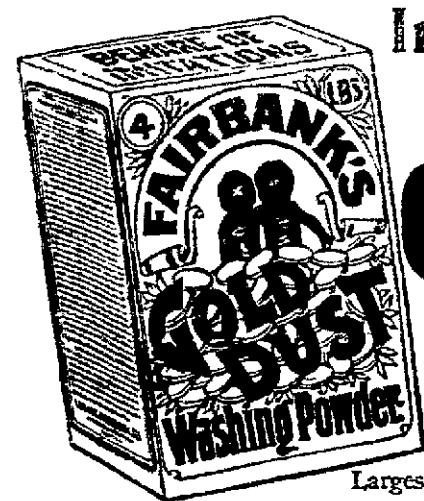
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Insist on the Genuine GOLD DUST

The best Washing Powder made. Best for all cleaning, does the work quickly, cheaply and thoroughly.

Largest package—greatest economy.

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Brazilian Balm

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALM

Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe

LIKE MAGIC.

RADICALLY CURES

CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucus; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and dropping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

HAY FEVER. making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA Grippe ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all the other bad effects.

INFALLIBLE IN ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, INFLUENZA, PNEUMONIA, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID AND SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is inflammation, Fever, Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops sneezing in 2 minutes. Stops ringing in the head and relieves deafness. As an insecticide, it is invaluable in female troubles. For outward use, it heals cuts, sores and burns like magic. It prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence.

50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

\$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50C. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 30 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—*Gen. J. Parker Foster.* "In croup, cold and the worst form of grippe we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—*Jos. W. S. Booth, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bap. Ch.* "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—*Hon. Chas. B. Lore, Chief Jus. of Del.* "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—*Thos. M. Culbert.* "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—*Mrs. John Scotten, Chester Pa.* "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—*Judge Edward Woolten.* "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—*Mrs. J. Calloway, Pittsboro, Pa.* "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50 cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—*Anson Burrill, aged 84.* A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

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Preserves the New and the Old.
All Hard Wood Finish.

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All Hard Wood Finish.

WALLED LAKES.

Mysterious Constructions Supposed to Be Due to the Action of Ice.

When the western country was first settled, the newcomers, unaccustomed to the glacial lakes of the west, were astonished to find many of them walled along parts of the shore and some completely about their borders. These walls are constructed of the bowlders so common everywhere, laid dry or bedded with earth, of more or less regularity, with no regard to the size or shape of the stones, except that they fit well and are so placed as to maintain their equilibrium—that is, stand firm. Several lakes are known whose shores are thus walled all around with the mechanical perfection belonging to the cyclopean period. The walls generally have a slope from the lake, and are banked up with earth on the land side. This bank frequently has trees growing on it. All this is very wonderful and excited the keenest curiosity among the early travelers. This curiosity is not yet dead. Only recently it has questioned the walls along a part of Elkhart lake, and the subject has got into the local papers with a brief proper explanation.

In early university days, when the boys went in swimming instead of bathing in Lake Mendota, there were certain large bowlders from which they were wont to spring into the water. Some of these were of tons weight, some projected above the water and some were under. The place of every one was known to the swimmers. They found the next season that they had to be located over again, having changed position during the winter. Weight made no difference. They all had to move. It was plain to see that the ice did it, crowding them shoreward whenever it could reach them. But as the bank there was steep, at the foot of the bluff, they slid or worked back more or less. In places, however, they were piled on the shore, as where University drive comes to the beach.

When the Milwaukee and Watertown plank road was made, it skirted Oconomowoc lake near what is now Gifford's. There was a lake wall there of modest pretensions, and this was made part of the bank holding the roadbed. The next season it was found the wall had been shoved under the roadbed so as to tilt the plank away from the lake. To a boy of an inquiring turn of mind the whole operation was plain. The expansion of the ice had done it. The bank there was sloping, quite so. It was easy for this great force to slide the wall along. At Madison, however much it might slide the bowlders against the bluff, they fell back into the water.

Now, suppose the slope to be just the right angle between these two so that the force would lift the stones by sliding one under the other and yet not let them fall back. You will have the conditions for a lake wall. The stones in this process not rightly balanced will fall one side or the other. Those balanced will retain their places. Those falling into the water will have to try again until they are rightly placed and remain. Meanwhile the whole structure has been pushed back until the force and resistance are equalized, making the bank of earth behind, which in turn helps sustain the wall. The water should shoal slowly, so as to bring many rocks within reach of the ice. Time, then, only is necessary to build the wall, and the operation will cease when all the rocks have been worked into the wall and the increased shoaling provides friction enough to check the ice. The wall then becomes permanent, and the forest covers the strange work with its glory.—*Milwaukee Journal.*

Sir Joseph Banks' Card.

The visiting card of Sir Joseph Banks, P. R. S., opens up an awful prospect. Fancy Nansen with a map of the north pole on his card, Mr. Henniker-Hegton with a postage stamp, and so on ad nauseam. 'Tis an ingenious effort of the metropolitan bore. Young Mr. Banks, who had lots of money, determined to accompany Captain Cook round the world. Soon after his return the young scientist visited Iceland and brought away with him a rich harvest of knowledge and specimens. He never forgot Iceland, and he was determined that other people shouldn't forget it either. The little map of Iceland seen on Sir Joseph's card was printed in colors on a white ground.—*Strand.*

Quite Easy When You Know How.

A new natural history says, "When a lion becomes old and unable to injure man, his mane falls out." This is very valuable information. Hereafter if a New Yorker is injured by a lion it is his own fault. Whenever a lion approaches him, let him feel of his mane. If he hasn't any mane, the man is safe. If the beast has a mane, then the man can jump on a cable car at Dead Man's Curve and make his escape.—*Tammany Times.*

IRISHMEN IN PARIS.

Some of the Peculiarities of the Colony Discussed Here.

The Parisians have waked up to the fact that the Irishmen living permanently or temporarily among them are an element that may become of public interest and an object even of international attention at almost any time. They also find that it is difficult or impossible to arrive at any definite idea of the number of personalities of the resident Irishmen, notwithstanding the police surveillance that is kept in Paris, in common with most other continental cities, over foreigners who take up their abode there. This is owing to the fact that Irishmen are entered at the prefecture of police as "Englishmen," a manifestation of official routine that was doubtless not adapted to please the sensibilities of the subjects of it. The result is that while Parisians may know that there are five Dahomeyans and one Nubian among them, they are, officially at least, quite ignorant of the existence of any Irish colony in the city and can have no sure idea unofficially of its members.

It is believed, however, that there are not more than 1,000. Under the empire Irishmen were much more numerous in Paris. That was for them the heroic age, and that age has passed. Times have changed since France was anxious and eager to extend her hand to oppressed peoples. The Irish have turned to America for sympathy, though they keep their lively regard for the French people.

One of the most important representatives of Ireland in the French capital is a summary situated not far from the Pantheon, founded by Louis XIV. Thither the Irish bishops always betake themselves whenever they go to Paris, and there during their visits they ordain candidates for the priesthood. Bishops and clergy are all devoted friends of France, like Canon Curtin, for instance, who is attached to the parish of the Madeleine.

On the newspapers printed in Paris in English most of the commentators are Irishmen. They are excellent workmen and not engrossed with the idea of throwing bombs in order to obtain their country's independence. They are, nevertheless, Nationalists, and some of them are most ardent among Home Rulers. One of them in particular, Patrick Casey, never lets an opportunity go by of being disagreeable to England. Some years ago the Maharajah Dhuleep Singh, passing through Paris, wished to go to Russia to have an interview with the czar. For this he required a passport, which he could not get at the British embassy, because he was at that time in revolt against the British government. Casey came to his aid by securing a passport for himself and handing it over with great joy to the maharajah for his use.

Once a year, on St. Patrick's day, the Irish in Paris come together to celebrate the memory of their patron saint. There is a large banquet in the Avenue de Clichy, followed by a ball, and another banquet nearer the center of the city, attended by the most prominent members of the Irish colony. But these occasions are gradually losing their former character. There is neither the ardor nor the enthusiasm of former days displayed at them. The Irishmen in Paris, without losing their memories of their native land, are adopting French habits and French ways of thinking—sharing the griefs and joys of the French people.—*New York Tribune.*

To Restore Light Struck Plates.

If by any means a box of plates becomes exposed to the light and spoiled for negatives, they may be restored to their original sensitiveness by the following method, which was sent by a member in New Orleans:

Dissolve 4 parts of bichromate of potash and 1 part of bromide of potassium in 100 parts of distilled water. Immerse the plates in this solution for 15 minutes. The temperature of this bath should be about 55 degrees F. Next wash in distilled water for 10 minutes, the wash water being the same temperature as the bath. Next wash for 10 minutes in water to which a small quantity of ammonia water has been added, then wash until all traces of a yellow color have disappeared. Place in the drying rack and set in a room free from dust. The operation must be done in the dark room, and the plates dried in the dark. Be careful to wash well, for if the bichromate of potassium is not thoroughly washed out the sensitiveness of the plate is injured.—*Harper's Round Table.*

Uncle Gehaw's Little Joke.

Aunt Gehaw (of Hay Corners, L. I.)—Joshua, there's a tramp beggin for a cold snack at the door that says he's a cirkiss contortionist out of a job.

Uncle Gehaw (chuckling)—Show him the wood pile, Maria, an ask him tow do the split.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

TIME.

Time the revealer! Time the passer by. Time the revealer! Time the passer by. Time the revealer! Time the passer by.

Time the revealer! Time the passer by. Time the revealer! Time the passer by. Time the revealer! Time the passer by.

Time the revealer! Time the passer by. Time the revealer! Time the passer by. Time the revealer! Time the passer by.

Time the revealer! Time the passer by. Time the revealer! Time the passer by. Time the revealer! Time the passer by.

Slow Coaches.

"Probably the slowest and most tedious railroad trip in this country is from New Orleans south to a place called Pilot Town, near the Eads jetties and passes," said R. N. Saunders of Cincinnati. "I made it about a year ago for pleasure, and I don't think I ever passed a more miserable two days. The distance is less than 90 miles, but the train is the greater part of a day in covering it. When not more than three hours at ordinary slow running should be required to make the trip. The track is laid on heavy grading, 15 or 20 feet high, so that a splendid view of the country is afforded the traveler, and but for this single compensating feature the ride would be unendurable. The train makes good enough speed for the first 20 miles out of New Orleans, but after that it begins to creep along at a snail's pace. Progress is impeded by the rank and heavy growth of weeds and grass. Section hands are kept constantly busy mowing down the stuff, but it grows so rapidly that it is an impossibility to keep the track clear unless a big force of men is kept at work every day on every foot of the ground covered. The stuff may be cut away today, but in 24 hours the growth will be as heavy as before it was cut. The wheels of the cars in running over these weeds and grass are made so sleek and greasy every mile or two that they spin around on the track without moving the cars an inch until they are well wiped and sanded. This is a tedious process, and as it has to be repeated every few minutes you can understand that slow progress is made. On the whole, however, the trip is well worth the annoyance and fatigue, as the road traverses one of the most picturesque sections of the continent. But only the man who has plenty of time at his disposal wants to take it."—*St. Louis Republic.*

A Vegetable Sea Rope.

The largest plant in the world is believed to be a gigantic seaweed, the nereocystis, which frequently grows to a height of more than 300 feet. The stem of the plant is as strong as an ordinary rope, and large quantities of it are dried and used as rope by the inhabitants of the south sea islands, where the curious vegetable ropes are found. The seaweed usually grows at a depth of from 200 to 300 feet. As soon as the plant takes root a pear-shaped balloon is formed, which grows with the stem toward the surface of the water. This balloon frequently has a diameter of six feet or more. It has, of course, an upward tendency, and therefore keeps the stem growing until it floats on top of the water. This enormous weed grows in such quantities that large meadowlike islands are formed, which frequently impede navigation. The ropes made from these stems are used for building purposes, and the balloons when dried make very serviceable vessels.—*New York World.*

The Changes of Time.

"When we were first married, you gave me half the closet." "Yes." "And now you act as if I ought to keep my coat and trousers hanging over the hall banisters."—*Chicago Record.*

A hattisherm is an edict signed by the sultan of Turkey himself. It usually concludes with the words, "Let my order be executed according to its form and meaning."

The revenue of the South African Republic is derived from land sales, quit rents, customs, hut tax, stamps, transport dues and principally from licenses on the goldfields.

No satisfactory evidence of camels existing in a wild state has ever been produced. They have, in fact, been domesticated from the very earliest times.

The severest outbreaks of smallpox in England this century were those of 1825, 1837, 1853, 1858, 1867, 1871, 1872 (very severe), 1877 and 1881.

The position of a break in a submarine cable is located by measuring the electricity needed to charge the remaining unbroken part.

Deutsch is the native name for German. What we call Dutch Germans call Niederländisch or Hollandisch.

ANNA IVOR'S REQUEST.

Personal letters reach Mrs. Pinkham by thousands; some asking advice, and others, like the following, telling of what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done and will ever continue to do in eradicating those fearful



Female complaints so little understood by physicians.

All womb and ovarian troubles, irregularities, whites, bearing-down pains, displacements, tendency to cancer and tumor are cured permanently. "I feel as if I owed my life to your Vegetable Compound. After the birth of my babe I was very miserable. I had a drawing pain in the lower part of my bowels, no strength, and a terrible backache. Every day I failed. My husband said if I would try a bottle of your Vegetable Compound, he would get it for me. The change was wonderful. After I had taken the first half bottle I began to have great faith in it. When I had taken three bottles, I was well and growing stout. It is a pleasure for me to write this to you. I only ask women in any way afflicted with female troubles to try it."—*Mrs. Anna Ivor, Pittsford Mills, Rutland Co., Vt.*

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.		9	15	30	45	60	75	90	105	120	135	150	165	180	195	210	225	240	255	270	285	300	315	330	345	360	375	390	405	420	435	450	465	480	495	510	525	540	555	570	585	600	615	630	645	660	675	690	705	720	735	750	765	780	795	810	825	840	855	870	885	900	915	930	945	960	975	990	1005	1020	1035	1050	1065	1080	1095	1110	1125	1140	1155	1170	1185	1200	1215	1230	1245	1260	1275	1290	1305	1320	1335	1350	1365	1380	1395	1410	1425	1440	1455	1470	1485	1500	1515	1530	1545	1560	1575	1590	1605	1620	1635	1650	1665	1680	1695	1710	1725	1740	1755	1770	1785	1800	1815	1830	1845	1860	1875	1890	1905	1920	1935	1950	1965	1980	1995	2010	2025	2040	2055	2070	2085	2100	2115	2130	2145	2160	2175	2190	2205	2220	2235	2250	2265	2280	2295	2310	2325	2340	2355	2370	2385	2400	2415	2430	2445	2460	2475	2490	2505	2520	2535	2550	2565	2580	2595	2610	2625	2640	2655	2670	2685	2700	2715	2730	2745	2760	2775	2790	2805	2820	2835	2850	2865	2880	2895	2910	2925	2940	2955	2970	2985	3000	3015	3030	3045	3060	3075	3090	3105	3120	3135	3150	3165	3180	3195	3210	3225	3240	3255	3270	3285	3300	3315	3330	3345	3360	3375	3390	3405	3420	3435	3450	3465	3480	3495	3510	3525	3540	3555	3570	3585	3600	3615	3630	3645	3660	3675	3690	3705	3720	3735	3750	3765	3780	3795	3810	3825	3840	3855	3870	3885	3900	3915	3930	3945	3960	3975	3990	4005	4020	4035	4050	4065	4080	4095	4110	4125	4140	4155	4170	4185	4200	4215	4230	4245	4260	4275	4290	4305	4320	4335	4350	4365	4380	4395	4410	4425	4440	4455	4470	4485	4500	4515	4530	4545	4560	4575	4590	4605	4620	4635	4650	4665	4680	4695	4710	4725	4740	4755	4770	4785	4800	4815	4830	4845	4860	4875	4890	4905	4920	4935	4950	4965	4980	4995	5010	5025	5040	5055	5070	5085	5100	5115	5130	5145	5160	5175	5190	5205	5220	5235	5250	5265	5280	5295	5310	5325	5340	5355	5370	5385	5400	5415	5430	5445	5460	5475	5490	5505	5520	5535	5550	5565	5580	5595	5610	5625	5640	5655	5670	5685	5700	5715	5730	5745	5760	5775	5790	5805	5820	5835	5850	5865	5880	5895	5910	5925	5940	5955	5970	5985	6000	6015	6030	6045	6060	6075	6090	6105	6120	6135	6150	6165	6180	6195	6210	6225	6240	6255	6270	6285	6300	6315	6330	6345	6360	6375	6390	6405	6420	6435	6450	6465	6480	6495	6510	6525	6540	6555	6570	6585	6600	6615	6630	6645	6660	6675	6690	6705	6720	6735	6750	6765	6780	6795	6810	6825	6840	6855	6870	6885	6900	6915	6930	6945	6960	6975	6990	7005	7020	7035	7050	7065	7080	7095	7110	7125	7140	7155	7170	7185	7200	7215	7230	7245	7260	7275	7290	7305	7320	7335	7350	7365	7380	7395	7410	7425	7440	7455	7470	7485	7500	7515	7530	7545	7560	7575	7590	7605	7620	7635	7650	7665	7680	7695	7710	7725	7740	7755	7770	7785	7800	7815	7830	7845	7860	7875	7890	7905	7920	7935	7950	7965	7980	7995	8010	8025	8040	8055	8070	8085	8100	8115	8130	8145	8160	8175	8190	8205	8220	8235	8250	8265	8280	8295	8310	8325	8340	8355	8370	8385	8400	8415	8430	8445	8460	8475	8490	8505	8520	8535	8550	8565	8580	8595	8610	8625	8640	8655	8670	8685	8700	8715	8730	8745	8760	8775	8790	8805	8820	8835	8850	8865	8880	8895	8910	8925	8940	8955	8970	8985	9000	9015	9030	9045	9060	9075	9090	9105	9120	9135	9150	9165	9180	9195	9210	9225	9240	9255	9270	9285	9300	9315	9330	9345	9360	9375	9390	9405	9420	9435	9450	9465	9480	9495	9510	9525	9540	9555	9570	9585	9600	9615	9630	9645	9660	9675	9690	9705	9720	9735	9750	9765	9780	9795	9810	9825	9840	9855	9870	9885	9900	9915	9930	9945	9960	9975	9990	10005	10020	10035	10050	10065	10080	10095	10110	10125	10140	10155	10170	10185	10200	10215	10230	10245	10260	10275	10290	10305	10320	10335	10350	10365	10380	10395	10410	10425	10440	10455	10470	10485	10500	10515	10530	10545	10560	10575	10590	10605	10620	10635	10650	10665	10680	10695	10710	10725	10740	10755	10770	10785	10800	10815	10830	10845	10860	10875	10890	10905	10920	10935	10950	10965	10980	10995	11010	11025	11040	11055	11070	11085	11100	11115	11130	11145	11160	11175	11190	11205	11220	11235	11250	11265	11280	11295	11310	11325	11340	11355	11370	11385	11400	11415	11430	11445	11460	11475	11490	11505	11520	11535	11550	11565	11580	11595	11610	11625	11640	11655	11670	11685	11700	11715	11730	11745	11760	11775	11790	11805	11820	11835	11850	11865	11880	11895	11910	11925	11940	11955	11970	11985	12000
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Best Chamols Gloves

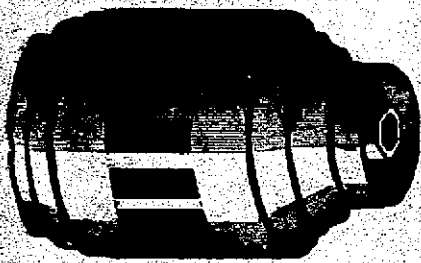
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We fit our best washable white Chamols
Gloves, either mousquetaires or buttons,
embroidered in black or white—to mor-
row at EIGHTY-NINE CENTS.

They're the ideal Summer Glove—avail yourself
of this sale.

Feldmann & Co

PARASOLS AND CHILDREN'S HEADWEAR WILL BE
SOUGHT FOR TO-MORROW—IT'S AN OPEN SECRET
THAT WE SHOW THE BEST COLLECTION.



THURSDAY

GRAND OPENING SALE

Two Mammoth

Stocks of Shoes!

Also large shipments from leading
factories. We will make this the
greatest BARGAIN SALE ever in-
augurated in the city of Lima. Don't
fail to attend this sale.

THE HUB SHOE STORE.

135 N. Main St., Lima, O.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 34.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

William McCown has resumed his
old place at the Elk.

A new boy arrived this morning at
the home of Prof. and Mrs. Harold
B. Adams, of west Market street.

The International Association of
Machinists will run their excursion to
Put-in-Bay on Sunday, June 20th.

The Lima, Solar and Allen Lodges
of I. O. O. F. will attend memorial
services at Grace M. E. Church Sun-
day afternoon at half past two
o'clock.

The court house, to-day, is crowded
with old soldiers, presenting their
pension certificates to have them
signed and forwarded to Gen. A. V.
Rice, of the U. S. pension department,
at Columbus.

Brief services were held over the
remains of Mrs. Chas. Nutting at
7:30 o'clock last evening, after which
the remains were taken over the O.
& E. to Jamestown, N. Y., where in-
terment will be made to-morrow.

The funeral services of the infant
son of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Knoop
were held from the residence of S. E.
Craig, 703 east North street, at 2:30
o'clock this afternoon. The services
were conducted by Rev. Thomson,
and the remains were interred in
Woodlawn cemetery.

The street railway company have
placed signals on all cars whereby
passengers can distinguish where the
cars run, viz: Market street, black
disk and white light; depot and south
Lima cars, red disk and red light;
north Main and Hover park, green
disk and green light.

Piquis is enjoying the benefits of
the McKinley boom. The rolling
mills there have been running one
week in four since the first of Jan-
uary. The Favorite Store Company
has been doing but little, and now
the word comes along the line that
the American Straw Board Company
has closed down the paper mill for
an indefinite period.

M. L. Becker was in Cleveland on
legal business on Wednesday, the
day that Hon. W. J. Bryan delivered
his address in that city. He described

the ovation that was tendered Mr.
Bryan as phenomenal. The streets
were a surging crowd of humanity
who had assembled to pay their re-
spects to the man who made the gal-
lant fight in the interests of the
common people last fall. Mr. Becker
had a conversation with Mr. Bryan,
and the latter gentleman expressed a
desire to be remembered to his many
Lima friends.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have
Been or Are Going.

Frank Dibling will leave Monday
for Carey.

Mrs. John Roby is visiting friends
at Delphos.

Miss Florence Plock is visiting
friends for a few days in Dayton.

Frank Coleman, of Toledo, is visit-
ing his sister, Mrs. W. H. Duffield.

Warren Melly will leave to-morrow
to attend the commencement of the
Miami University, at Oxford.

Mr. and Mrs. Press Corran, of
north West street, left this afternoon
for a visit in Strasburg, Va.

Mrs. P. M. Ireland, of 114 south
Collet street, left this afternoon for
a visit with friends in Frederick, Md.

Dr. E. G. Keifer and wife, of Chi-
cago, who have been visiting his sis-
ter, Mrs. John Bigelow, have returned
home.

Funeral director J. E. Grosjean re-
turned last night from Columbus
where he attended the annual con-
vention of the Ohio Funeral Direc-
tors' Association.

MORE THAN \$50,000.

Internal Revenue Collections for the
Month of May in This District.

Internal revenue receipts in this
district last month amounted to \$50,-
688.74; divided thus: Beer stamps,
\$31,806.13; spirit stamps, \$3,823.73;
cigar stamps, \$9,896.29; tobacco
stamps, \$4,694.13; special tax, \$614-
59; penalties, \$233.87. The receipts
in May, 1896, were \$85,646.95. The
decrease in beer alone was 12,752
barrels, and the loss in tax was that
many dollars.

OIL AND GAS.

OIL MARKET.

Pennsylvania..... 87
North Lima..... 45
Indiana..... 45

BIG OIL DEAL IN INDIANA.

A telegram from Montpelier, Ind.,
says: The Standard Oil Co. has pur-
chased the properties of the Row-
land-Ziegler Oil Co., and it is one of
the largest transactions ever closed
on the Indiana oil field. The report-
ed price is nearly \$250,000. The
property includes thousands of acres
or leases, more than 100 producing
oil wells and a vast amount of
machinery and equipment. The deal
has been pending for some time, but
it was not until to-day that Harry
Rowland would admit that the trans-
fer had been practically closed. The
Standard will take possession this
week.

The Rowland Ziegler company is
one of the oldest and boldest opera-
tors in Indiana. It began on a
small scale, has paid no attention to
depressed markets, and it has been
most fortunate in opening large pools
of oil. Three summers ago the com-
pany took 90,000 barrels out of one
pool in Wells county, which it sold
for \$6,000. The wells are still pro-
ducing oil.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

RECEIVER APPLIED FOR.

John Blair has entered suit in the
common pleas court against Lucien
E. Hesser, Margaret A. Hesser, A.
Howard et al. for the appointment
of a receiver to compel the principal
to pay debts for the marshaling of
funds and for equitable relief.

TWO KILLED

And Eight Wounded by Bul-
lets from the Guards.

NEGRO LYNCHED AT URBANA

For a Criminal Assault Upon Mrs. Eliza
Gammer—He Pleaded Guilty, and the
People Became Execu-
tioners.

The people of Urbana this morning
meted out speedy punishment to
"Click" Mitchell, the negro who yes-
terday pleaded guilty to the charge
of criminally assaulting Mrs. Eliza
Gammer, by taking him from the jail
and hanging him to a telephone pole.

Yesterday a special grand jury was
impaneled which found a bill against
Mitchell for the crime. The sheriff
was just twelve minutes in impanel-
ing the jury. At 2:30 o'clock the
jury was sworn in by Judge Heiser-
man, whose charge was brief but to
the point and related entirely to the
Mitchell case. C. F. Colwell, presi-
dent of the Citizens' National Bank,
was foreman, and they at once re-
tired, with special prosecutor Waite.
The jury, after examining the follow-
ing witnesses—Dr. Robert Henderson
(Mrs. Gammer's physician), Bruce
and Charles E. Gaumer, her two sons,
mayor Gannon and Ralph Hunter—
adjourned until 7:30, when they com-
pleted their case and at 8:30 o'clock
submitted an indictment.

The grand jury had scarcely left
the court house until arrangements
were completed for the arraignment
and trial of young Mitchell. All the
principal doors in the house were
locked and bolted, and members of
the guard were stationed in the halls
at the same on the inside. All the
other members of Co. D were lined
up on the outside ready to resist any
attack. Mitchell was brought from
the jail to the court house in the
custody of sheriff McCain and deputy
Kirby, surrounded by a square of
the guards. He wore the uniform—
cap and coat—of the national guard,
which were brought into use to serve
as a disguise. He was hustled
up stairs into the court room
without the knowledge of the thou-
sands of men who stood outside.
Deathlike silence prevailed during
the proceedings which did not last
five minutes. Mitchell remained
standing and was evidently quite
scared. In response to the answer
of the court as to whether he would
rather waive the reading of the in-
dictment, Mitchell's attorney an-
swered in the affirmative.

"You have been indicted by the
grand jury, just discharged, of
criminal assault upon Eliza Gammer,"
said the court, addressing the pris-
oner. "Are you guilty or not
guilty?"

"Guilty," answered the prisoner.
The court at once sentenced the
prisoner to twenty years in the peni-
tentiary, and stated that the sheriff
would take him to that institution
that night.

In the meantime the excitement in
Urbana had been increasing until the
people were at white heat. A crowd
of 2,000 people soon surrounded the
jail and threats of lynching were so
freely made that the sheriff conceived
the idea of spiriting the criminal
into a carriage and driving to Hagen-
baugh station and there to intercept
a train on the Panhandle road, and
take the prisoner to Columbus and
outwit the crowd. But the word got
out that such was the intention
and a crowd was soon at Hagenbaugh
station which prevented the con-
summation of the plan. It was
then determined to keep him in jail
at Urbana until to-day and the guard
about the jail was doubled. A requis-
ition was made on the governor for
additional troops, and a company
from Springfield was sent over.

Meantime the excitement contin-
ued to grow. The fact that the
prisoner had pleaded guilty to the
heinous crime added fuel to the
flames, and many who had depre-
cated lynching the accused while
there was a shadow of doubt as to his
guilt, were anxious to have speedy
and extreme punishment adminis-
tered at once after he had made his
confession.

The crowd around the jail re-
mained there in varying numbers all
night, and at an early hour this
morning it was apparent that mat-
ters had shaped themselves so that
summary punishment would be ad-
ministered to the ravisher.

It was just 7:30 o'clock when the
Springfield militia arrived and
marched to the jail. Reaching there
they were met by the mayor, who
ordered them back to the depot.
The order was promptly obeyed. The
crowd around the jail had meanwhile
increased in numbers until it was a
multitude, and but one idea was
prevailing—vengeance upon the brute
who had confessed to an assault upon
a helpless woman.

At eight o'clock the intense
feeling culminated in an attack
upon the part of the unfortunate citi-
zens. The sheriff ordered the Ur-
bana guards to fire upon the crowd,
and the order was obeyed with the
result of killing two men and wound-
ing eight. Those killed are Harry
Bell, of Urbana, and Austin Becker,
who lived in the country near that
city. The wounded are
George Ellerton, Sherman Beatty,
Zachariah Wanz, Dennis Draley and
Ralph McComb, of Urbana; Dr.
Charles Thomson, of North Lewis
burg; Ray Dickerson, who lives in the

country near Urbana, and Wes
Bowen, of Cable.

The shooting only aggravated the
feeling of the crowd, for the
smoke from the guns had not
cleared away until another more de-
termined attempt was made upon the
jail. The doors were broken down
and Mitchell was taken out of his cell
and dragged to the nearest tree,
where a rope was placed about his
neck and he was quickly jerked into
the air, hundreds of willing hands
helping to pull the rope. The wretch
began to plead for mercy, but the
people showed him the same sort of
mercy that he had shown his victim,
and thousands of shouts rent the air
when the body was seen dangling be-
tween the earth and the sky.

There was no attempt made to
conceal identity by those who partici-
pated in this administration of
speedy punishment. It was only the
absence from Urbana of the father of
Mitchell, who was about town yester-
day attempting to incite the
colored people to band together
and protect his son, that pre-
vented his suffering at the hands of
the infuriated people. He was, last
evening, sent to the Dayton work-
house for carrying concealed weapons.

The body of Mitchell was cut down
at 8:30 o'clock and was taken charge
of by some of his people.

WANTED MONEY.

Agenter Residence Visited by Bur-
glars Night Before Last.

Two Pocket Books Stolen, One Contain-
ing a Check for One Hundred Dollars
—Small Amount of Money Taken.

The residence of Mrs. Martha J.
Agenter, at 890 west Market street,
was visited by burglars night before
last and two pocketbooks, one of
which contained a check for \$100,
were stolen.

The burglars gained an entrance
through a window on the first floor,
which had been left unlocked, and
all the rooms on the lower floor had
been ransacked. The burglars were
evidently in search of money only,
for none of the silverware or other
valuables were taken. The thieves
found the two pocketbooks, contain-
ing not over \$1 in money and the
\$100 check and no trace of them has
yet been discovered, but nothing
more has been missed by Mrs. Agen-
ter.

The police were notified yesterday
and a careful investigation was made
but no clue to the identity of the
burglars has been found. The check
was drawn upon the First National
Bank in favor of Mrs. Agenter, but
had not been endorsed. Detec-
tive Roney has notified the banks
and the check, if presented, will not
be honored.

IN HANDS OF A RECEIVER.

The Columbus, Sandusky & Hocking
Defaulted on Interest.

Judge Taft, in chambers at Cin-
cinnati in the United States Court,
on motion of the Mercantile Trust
Company, has placed the Columbus,
Sandusky & Hocking railway in the
hands of Samuel N. Felton as receiver.
Mr. Felton is president and re-
ceiver of the Queen & Crescent road.

The C. S. & H. defaulted June 1
on \$50,000 interest due. The road
suffered on account of dullness in coal
trade.

Notice of Removal.

Townsend will remove his meat
market on June 10th from 203 south
Main street, into the room in the
new Gazette building on east High
street. Give him a call. 83c

(FAILED TO PASS.

Many C. H. & D. Employees
Released From Service.

RESULT OF EXAMINATIONS

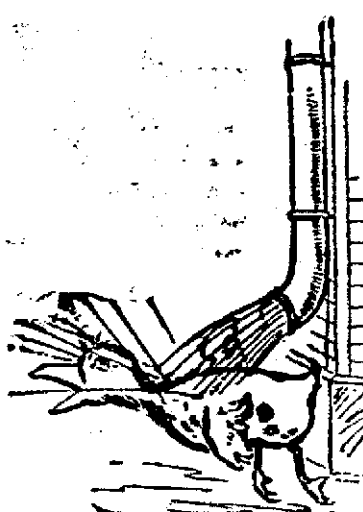
Held in May, Testing Eyesight and Hear-
ing of the Employees in Train Ser-
vice, Received Here Yester-
day Afternoon.

As a result of the examinations
held along the C. H. & D. lines last
May, in which the eyesight and
hearing of all employees in the train
service were tested, there has
been a wholesale release of em-
ployees, not only here but all
over the C. H. & D. system. The
local examinations were con-
ducted under the supervision of Drs.
Kable & Kable, of this city, and the
results of each individual test were
forwarded to the company's chief
surgeon at Cincinnati. The lat-
ter official examined the reports and
his summary and final report upon
the examinations were received here
yesterday afternoon, and, as a result,
many of the oldest and best men on
the local divisions have been re-
leased, at least, temporarily, from
the company's service. Some of the
employees may be re-instated, but
many of them, it is feared, can never
be, under the present rules and re-
quirements laid down in these rigid
examinations. The local men who
have so far failed to pass the
examination and have been re-
leased from the service are passenger engineers
Jacob La Rue and Michael Ryan,
freight engineers Henry Frye, Milton
Craig, Will Hanley and Sam Hart-
slag, firemen Jerry Bowsher, Harry
Greenland, Shoemaker, John Stand-
ish and Cal Shuler, freight conductors
Milt Barnett, passenger conductor
Seymour D. Evans, of the Lima-
Toledo accommodation; brakeman
Emmet Shank, of the main line, and
pony conductor John Harboldt and
switchman John McNeal, of the
Lima yards. Conductor "Dad" Wig-
gins, of the Bowling Green branch, is
also one of the unfortunates togeth-
er with other employees in all branches
of the train service all along the
line.

The employees did not all fail in the
examination on account of color
blindness, in fact but few have been
released by reason of the misfortune
of being unable to distinguish one
color from another, but the chief
factors against them in the examina-
tion were the tests in hearing and
range of vision, in which their de-
ficiencies probably are the result of
long years in the service.

No one who has learned the result
of the examinations since the infor-
mation was received here yesterday
afternoon was more grieved than
the local C. H. & D. officials them-
selves, for they realize that unless
the men can be reinstated it will
take from the service a number of
the most careful and reliable men on
the road. The men are not being
finally dismissed without another
chance. It is possible that some
were a trifle careless when they were
examined here, or other conditions
may have been temporarily unfavor-
able. The men will be permitted to
visit the chief surgeon at Cincinnati
and be re-examined, and it is si-
cerely hoped that all will pass the
final examination with a good per-
centage.

Engineers Hanley and Frey and
fireman Standish went to Cincinnati



Under the Weather.

That is the common Spring
complaint. You feel "logy,"
dull. Your appetite is poor.
Nothing tastes good. You
don't sleep well. Work drags.
You cross every bridge before
you come to it. There's lots of
people have felt like you until
they toned up the system by
taking the great spring remedy

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

It's been curing such cases for
50 years. Try it yourself.

Send for the "Curebook," 100 pages free.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

to-day to make another trial at the
tests, and others will go to-morrow
and Monday.

Twenty-seven employees in the train
service on the D. & I. division, and a
large number on the division be-
tween Dayton and Cincinnati, also
failed to pass in their local examina-
tions, but many have been reinstated
since being examined by the chief
surgeon.

THE ROOF GARDEN

Of the Lima Club Almost Completed
—A Beautiful and Delightful Place
to Rest.

The roof garden being built by the
Lima Club is almost finished. It is
placed on the roof of the north part
of one club house, located at the corner
of Elizabeth and High streets. Around
the edges of the roof is placed a wire
netting about three feet high which
will be covered with different kinds
of vines. Around the side railing
are placed boxes in which will be
grown a variety of pretty bloom-
ing flowers. The roof is over-
laid with hard pine flooring
boards placed about a quarter of an
inch apart. In the center of the
garden an awning about twelve feet
wide is drawn on wire from the main
building to posts erected on the west
side of the roof.

During the warm summer days and
evenings it will be an attractive place
to the members of the club, who can
find there a cool, quiet and shady
place to rest and spend a social hour.
It is an addition to the club of which
the members can well feel proud.

W. N. Boyer, M. D.

HOMEOPATHIST.

Office, Room 10, Cincinnati Block.
Residence, 317 west North street.
Telephone in office and residence.
3-31-2m.

MEN'S SUMMER SHOES.



All the latest and newest specialties
in Men's Footwear in Russia Tan, Choc-
olate or Ox Blood. Light, easy black
Shoes, made of Vic Kid and Kangaroo;
all the shapes from the broad French
toe to the extreme needle.

\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00.

A guaranteed saving of from 25 to
35 per cent. on each pair purchased here.

LADIES' SUMMER SHOES.



\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.

All the exclusive, fashionable styles
sold here. No matter what you may
fancy, you can get here.

All qualities, all sizes, all widths, all
styles of black Shoes, hand sewed, hand
turned, flexible as can be, and our prices
are a dollar a pair lower than most peo-
ple get for the same goods.

GOODING'S,

230 NORTH MAIN STREET.